

## ▶ PSEN sI2-DL1/2/3-P

# PILZ

THE SPIRIT OF SAFETY

Operating Manual-1005903-EN-04

- PSEN sensor technology



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SD means Secure Digital

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# 1 Introduction

## 1.1 Validity of documentation

This documentation is valid for the product PSEN sI2-DL1/2/3-P. It is valid until new documentation is published.

This operating manual explains the function and operation, describes the installation and provides guidelines on how to connect the product.

## 1.2 Using the documentation

This document is intended for instruction. Only install and commission the product if you have read and understood this document. The document should be retained for future reference.

## 1.3 Definition of symbols

Information that is particularly important is identified as follows:



### **DANGER!**

This warning must be heeded! It warns of a hazardous situation that poses an immediate threat of serious injury and death and indicates preventive measures that can be taken.



### **WARNING!**

This warning must be heeded! It warns of a hazardous situation that could lead to serious injury and death and indicates preventive measures that can be taken.



### **CAUTION!**

This refers to a hazard that can lead to a less serious or minor injury plus material damage, and also provides information on preventive measures that can be taken.



### **NOTICE**

This describes a situation in which the product or devices could be damaged and also provides information on preventive measures that can be taken. It also highlights areas within the text that are of particular importance.



**INFORMATION**

This gives advice on applications and provides information on special features.

## 2 Safety

### 2.1 Intended use

The safety gate system is used to monitor the position of the gate and the guard locking of a moveable guard.

Safety function of safety switch:

- ▶ Guard with guard locking and interlock function,  
Together with the control system of the machine, the following functions can be performed:
  - The hazardous machine functions are not accessible due to the guard,
  - These hazardous machine functions cannot operate until the guard is closed and locked;
  - The guard remains closed and locked until the risk due to the not accessible, hazardous machine functions has disappeared;
  - When the guard is closed and locked, the hazardous machine functions that cannot be reached due to the guards can be executed. (The closure and locking of the guard do not by themselves start the hazardous machine functions.)
- ▶ When the actuator is outside the assured release distance  $S_{ar}$  or the holding force is not guaranteed, the safety outputs 12 and 22 are switched off. The hazardous machine function cannot be implemented:

The safety switch meets the requirements in accordance with:

- ▶ EN 60947-5-3 with one of the approved actuators,
- ▶ EN IEC 62061,
- ▶ EN ISO 13849-1,
- ▶ EN IEC 61508,
- ▶ EN ISO 14119: (Coding level and design)

as specified in the explanatory notes for the [safety-related characteristic data](#)  63]:

The safety switch may only be used with one of the approved actuators.

- ▶ When the actuator is in the response range of the safety switch and when a high signal is present at the input 31/Y1, it is checked whether the holding force is reached. When the holding force is reached and the actuator is detected, the guard locking is activated and the safety outputs supply a high signal.
- ▶ The safety outputs 12 and 22 supply a low signal when there is a low signal at the inputs S11 and S21.

The safety level is achieved only when

- ▶ the safety outputs use 2-channel processing.

The safety guard locking device can be operated in two ways:

▶ **Conditional unlocking**

The safety guard locking device prevents the safety gate from being unlocked while there is any hazard within the danger zone.

▶ **Unconditional unlocking**

The operator can unlock the safety guard locking device at any time. After unlocking starts, the guard locking device generates a stop command. The time required to unlock the guard must be longer than the time required to stop the hazardous machine function.

**Escape release**

The safety switch has no escape release.

If the safety assessment necessitates an escape release, this feature must be implemented using an interruption of the supply voltage. It must be possible to interrupt the supply voltage from the danger zone. The escape release must correspond to category B.

Attach a latching switch within the danger zone to interrupt the supply voltage.

The switch must meet the following conditions:

- ▶ Meets the requirements of EN ISO 14119,
- ▶ Marked clearly as an escape release,
- ▶ No mixing-up with an E-STOP possible.

**Restart interlock**

The safety switch has no internal restart interlock.

If the safety assessment necessitates a restart interlock, this feature must be ensured via a safety controller of the plant or an accessory. For the implementation with an accessory Pilz recommends that you use the accessory PSEN sl restart interlock (see [Order reference Accessories \[📖 64\]](#)). The plant may not be restarted in the danger zone if persons are still in the danger zone.



**WARNING!**

**In the event of a power failure guard locking of the safety gate is not guaranteed**

In the event of a power failure, guard locking cannot generate force and guard locking of the safety gate is not guaranteed. This can lead to serious injury or death.

- Ensure that the risk assessment takes a power failure into account.

**Improper use**

The following is deemed improper use in particular:

- ▶ Any component, technical or electrical modification to the product,
- ▶ Use of the product outside the areas described in this operating manual,
- ▶ Use of the product outside the technical details (see chapter entitled [Technical Details \[📖 53\]](#)).

**NOTICE****EMC-compliant electrical installation**

The product is designed for use in an industrial environment. The product may cause interference if installed in other environments. If installed in other environments, measures should be taken to comply with the applicable standards and directives for the respective installation site with regard to interference.

**Foreseeable misuse**

- ▶ Use under corrosive environmental conditions (e.g. cooling emulsions, surface treatment, gases).

The effect of the ambient conditions must be checked on the product. Ensure that the ambient conditions do not lead to any restriction of the function.

Perform the checks as described in [Test in aggressive ambient conditions](#)  61].

- ▶ Use of cable separators that are not listed in the [Order reference Accessories](#)  64]
- ▶ Series connection with other safety switches is permitted only when considering the system description entitled "Series connection safety switches".
- ▶ Use of an actuator that is not listed in the [Order reference](#)  64].
- ▶ Use in applications where personal safety is required.

## 2.2 Safety regulations

### 2.2.1 Safety assessment

Before using a device, a safety assessment in accordance with the Machinery Directive is required.

The product as an individual component fulfils the functional safety requirements in accordance with EN ISO 13849 and EN IEC 62061. However, this does not guarantee the functional safety of the overall plant/machine. To achieve the relevant safety level of the overall plant/machine's required safety functions, each safety function needs to be considered separately.

### 2.2.2 Additional documents that apply

Please read and take note of the following documents:

**Only for use of the Safety Device Diagnostics (SDD)**

- ▶ Fieldbus module operating manual, SDD ES PROFINET (1003826) for example
- ▶ System description Safety Device Diagnostics (1003827)

**For the use of passive junctions**

- ▶ Operating manual for a passive junction

**For use in a series connection with other sensor types**

- ▶ System Description, safety switch series connection (1006503)

You will need to be conversant with the information in these documents in order to fully understand this operating manual.

**2.2.3 Use of qualified personnel**

The products may only be assembled, installed, programmed, commissioned, operated, decommissioned and maintained by persons who are competent to do so.

A competent person is a qualified and knowledgeable person who, because of their training, experience and current professional activity, has the specialist knowledge required. In order to inspect, assess and handle products, devices, systems, plant and machinery, this person must be familiar with the state of the art and the applicable national, European and international laws, directives and standards.

It is the company's responsibility only to employ personnel who

- ▶ Are familiar with the basic regulations concerning health and safety / accident prevention,
- ▶ Have read and understood the information provided in the section entitled Safety
- ▶ Have a good knowledge of the generic and specialist standards applicable to the specific application.

**2.2.4 Warranty and liability**

All claims to warranty and liability will be rendered invalid if

- ▶ The product was used contrary to the purpose for which it is intended,
- ▶ Damage can be attributed to not having followed the guidelines in the manual,
- ▶ Operating personnel are not suitably qualified,
- ▶ Any type of modification has been made (e.g. exchanging components on the PCB boards, soldering work etc.).

**2.2.5 Disposal**

- ▶ In safety-related applications, please comply with the mission time  $T_M$  stated in the safety-related characteristic data.
- ▶ When decommissioning, please comply with local regulations regarding the disposal of electronic devices (e.g. Electrical and Electronic Equipment Act).

## 2.3 For your safety



### WARNING!

#### Risk of injury due to loss of the safety function

Replacing an actuator (e.g. defective actuator) with an inappropriate actuator from the interlock and guard locking system may lead to serious injury and death.

- You should prevent the interlocking and guard locking system from being manipulated with an inappropriate actuator.
- Keep the substitute actuator (optional) in a safe place and protect it from unauthorised access.
- If substitute actuators are used, these must be installed as described under [Installation](#)  34].
- Destroy any replaced actuators before disposal.



### CAUTION!

#### Risk of burns

When a safety switch is operated at high ambient temperatures, high surface temperatures may occur on the housing.

- Do not touch the safety switch.
- Take suitable protective measures (e.g. wear protective gloves).



### INFORMATION

The magnet surface and counterplate may heat up. When installing, make sure that heat dissipation is guaranteed.

- ▶ Do not remove the connector's protective cap until you are just about to connect the product. This will prevent potential contamination.

## 3 Overview

### 3.1 Unit features

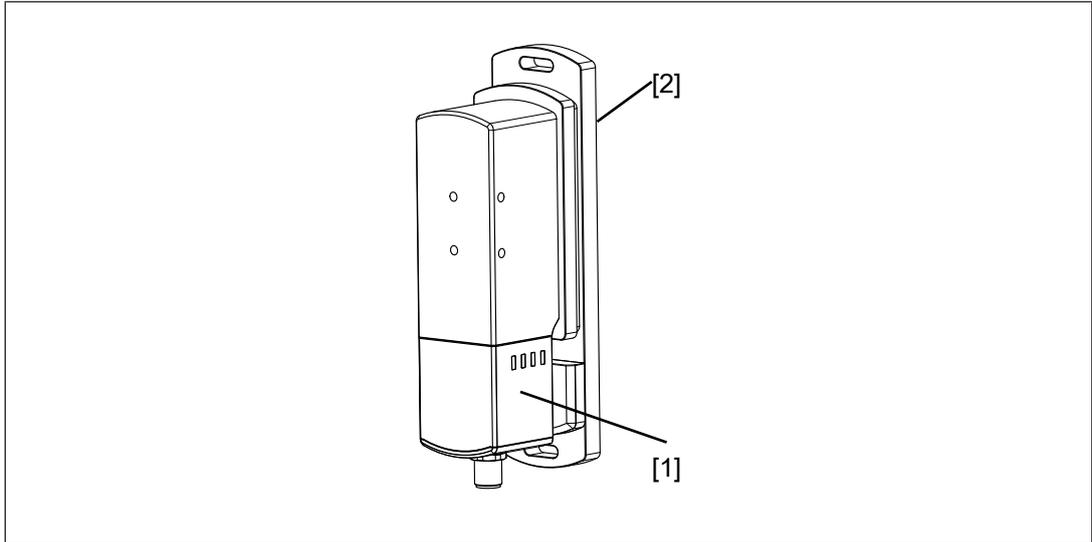
- ▶ Transponder technology for presence detection
- ▶ Device types Pilz coding type:
  - PSEN sI2-DL1-P: coded
  - PSEN sI2-DL2-P: fully coded
  - PSEN sI2-DL3-P: uniquely coded
- ▶ Dual-channel operation
- ▶ 2 safety outputs
- ▶ 2 safety inputs for series connection of multiple safety switches
- ▶ Magnetic guard locking for process protection
- ▶ Safety Device Diagnostics (SDD)
  - Safety Device Diagnostics can be used to retrieve sensor information on one or more sensors, to perform actions and to read and write configuration parameters.
  - Manipulation protection in accordance with ISO 14119 is possible by verifying the short name of the actuator through the controller via SDD communication
- ▶ Diagnostic input for Y1 for Safety Device Diagnostics (SDD)
- ▶ Signal output/diagnostic output Y32 for Safety Device Diagnostics
- ▶ Input 31/Y1
  - for the activation request of the guard locking **or**
  - as an SDD input when SDD is used.
- ▶ LED display for
  - Supply voltage/fault
  - Gate closed
  - State of the inputs S11 and S21
  - State of the input of the magnetic guard locking
- ▶ M12, 8-pin male connector
- ▶ Latching force selectable in three stages
  - approx. 30 N (delivery state)
  - approx. 110 N
  - approx. 200 N
- ▶ The outputs 12, 22 and Y32 are digital DC outputs that supply current in accordance with IEC 61131.
- ▶ Monitoring of shorts across contacts between the safety outputs

## 3.2 **Scope of supply**

- ▶ Scope of supply safety switch
  - Safety switch
  - Supplement
  - Adhesive label
- ▶ Scope of supply actuator
  - Actuator
  - Adhesive label

## 4 Function description

### 4.1 Basic function



#### Legend

- [1] Safety switch
- [2] Actuator

The safety guard locking device monitors the safety gate and prevents the safety gate to the danger zone from being opened.

The guard locking device may only be used for process protection.

If the safety gate is in a locked condition and is opened by force, the safety outputs will shut down and the safety switch switches to a fault condition.

The LED "Device" lights up red and the LED "Lock" flashes red.

The safety outputs 12 and 22 supply a high signal when **simultaneously**:

- ▶ the actuator is within the response range (safety gate closed) and
- ▶ there is a high signal at the input 31/Y1 (if not used as an SDD input) and
- ▶ the holding force is ensured.

The safety outputs 12 and 22 supply a low signal when **one** of the stated conditions is not met.

#### Holding force

- ▶  $F_{1max}$  is the highest measured force in the test in accordance with EN ISO 14119.
- ▶ The actual holding force that occurs during operation can also reach  $F_{1max}$ .

#### Signal output/diagnostic output Y32 and diagnostic input 31/Y1

- ▶ Signal output/diagnostic output Y32 without SDD

The status of the actuator is output. The signal output/diagnostic output Y32 switches to high when the actuator is within the response range in error-free operation (safety gate closed).

- ▶ Dependency on the status of the actuator

The behaviour of Y32 depends on the status of the actuator taught in at the safety switch. The SDD operation must not be activated.

Actuator within the response range	Signal output/diagnostic output Y32
No	Low
Yes	High

▶ Signal output/diagnostic output Y32 in SDD mode

If an SDD fieldbus module is used, the signal output/diagnostic output Y32 is activated for writing data.

▶ Diagnostic input 31/Y1

If an SDD fieldbus module is used, the input 31/Y1 is used as a diagnostic input Y1 and data is read.

If no SDD fieldbus module is used, the input 31/Y1 is used for switching on and off the magnetic guard locking.

### Plausibility monitoring for safety inputs S11 and S21

▶ If the signal at a safety input switches from high to low, while the other safety input remains high, an unequal status is displayed.

▶ If the signal at this input switches back from low to high, while a high signal remains at the other input, a plausibility error is displayed and a partial operation lock is triggered. The OSSDs are switched off during the partial operation lock.

A switch to a high signal will only lead to error-free safety switch operation if both inputs had a low signal simultaneously. From this moment on, the switch to high signal may occur (partial operation lock see [Error display](#)  46).

### Magnetic guard locking device and magnet monitoring

▶ The locking magnet is switched on if

- a high signal is present at the input 31/Y1 **and**
- the actuator is detected (safety gate closed) **and**
- when no SDD is used.

▶ The holding force of the locking magnet is tested on power-up.

▶ After a signal change at the input 31/Y1 to low, wait for at least 500 ms, before supplying a high signal again at the input 31/Y1 again. The max. switching frequency (see [Technical details](#)  53) must not be exceeded.

▶ If the safety gate is in a locked condition and is opened by force, the safety outputs will shut down.

▶ Guard locking may only be deactivated by the higher level safety controller when the hazardous machine movement has been completed.

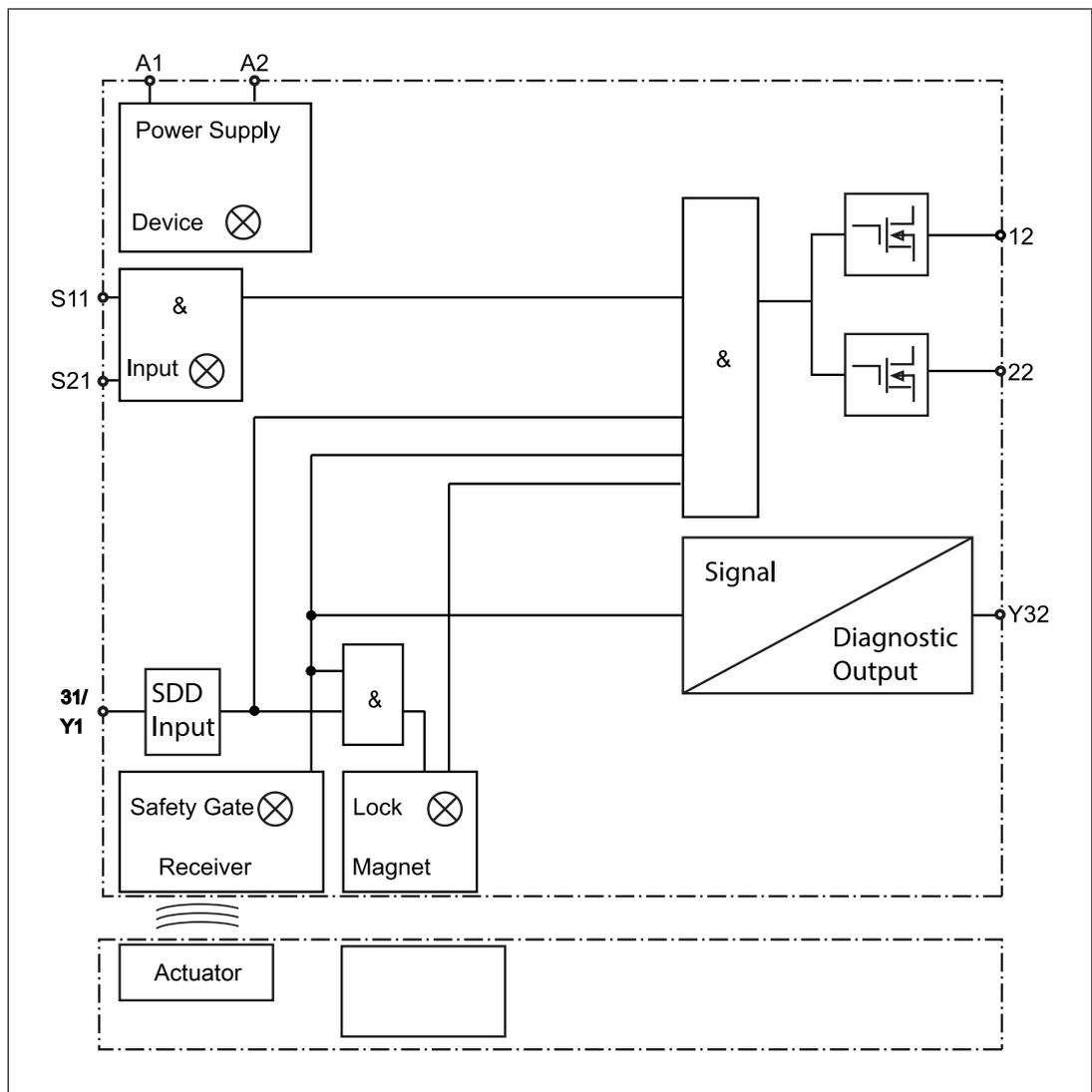
▶ The guard locking is activated again when the signal switches from high to low and then again to high at the input 31/Y1.

► Detection of guard locking errors

- If the holding force is not reached (due to soiling, for example) the holding force is not confirmed due to the monitoring of the locking magnet and a warning is displayed (see [Normal operation](#) [42]). The safety outputs 12 and 22 remain in low state and the safety switch does not switch to the fault condition.
- When the locking magnet is switched on and an open winding or short circuit winding is detected, the safety switch switches to the fault condition.
- When the locking magnet is switched on and a magnet operation or monitoring fault is detected, the safety switch switches to the fault condition.

## 4.2 Block diagram

### Block diagram



## 4.3 Safety Device Diagnostics

Safety Device Diagnostics is an option that can be selected independently of the safety-related wiring.

When using the Safety Device Diagnostics, up to 16 sensors can be connected as a subscriber to a fieldbus module.

The communication of the sensors with the fieldbus module is automatically built up again with each new supply of the supply voltage. As a result, a sensor can be exchanged, e.g. when servicing, without the need for special measures.

Any exchange can be detected via the fieldbus module, through the serial number for example.

- ▶ With Safety Device Diagnostics there are the following diagnostic options for the fieldbus module:
  - Poll information of the safety switches (examples: what safety switch in the series connection has switched, at what point could there be an open circuit in the series connection).
  - Read configuration parameters of the safety switches (examples: Number of teach-in processes remaining, serial number of the safety switch).
  - Perform actions (example: poll updated actuator name).
  - Selectively activate or deactivate guard locking of individual safety switches within a series connection.

The results of the sensor diagnostics can be checked already during the installation phase via the display in the fieldbus module, without the need to connect the fieldbus module to the network.

- ▶ Safety Device Diagnostics provide the following benefits for the fieldbus module when wiring:
  - Information is passed on via the fieldbus module directly to the network.
  - Any assignment of inputs/outputs of the fieldbus module to the sensors.
  - This prevents wiring errors and an expansion or reduction of the sensors is possible without the need to change existing wiring.
  - Wiring in accordance with IP20: Rapid installation in the control cabinet is enabled.
  - Wiring in accordance with IP67: Various passive junctions can be used (see [Order reference Accessories !\[\]\(2b17607a58b683d26714deb1adef3f8e\_img.jpg\) 64](#)) to connect several sensors with only one cable from the field in the control cabinet.
- ▶ The latching force can be set using an SDD command.

The setting can be made at any time (also while guard locking is active).

Further information on Safety Device Diagnostics can be found in [Additional documents that apply !\[\]\(898a81de9c4aff71234b2158571b7213\_img.jpg\) 9](#).

## 4.4 Operating modes

The safety switch can be used in various operating modes.

▶ Normal operation

In this document, normal operation describes operations in normal conditions for this safety switch.

- When the application for this safety switch provides active use of Safety Device Diagnostics, this is normal operation.
- When the application for this safety switch does not provide active use of Safety Device Diagnostics, this is normal operation.

▶ Operation without Safety Device Diagnostics

- Standard operating mode

After every restart the safety switch is in operation without Safety Device Diagnostics.

- No communication with Safety Device Diagnostics.
- Activating/deactivating the guard locking is only via the signal 31/Y1.

▶ Operation with passive use of the Safety Device Diagnostics

- After every restart the safety switch is in operation without Safety Device Diagnostics.
- Safety switch supplies diagnostic data to Safety Device Diagnostics.
- Activating/deactivating the guard locking is only via the signal 31/Y1.

▶ Operation with active use of the Safety Device Diagnostics

- Activating/deactivating the guard locking is via a command of the Safety Device Diagnostics.

**Timing diagrams**

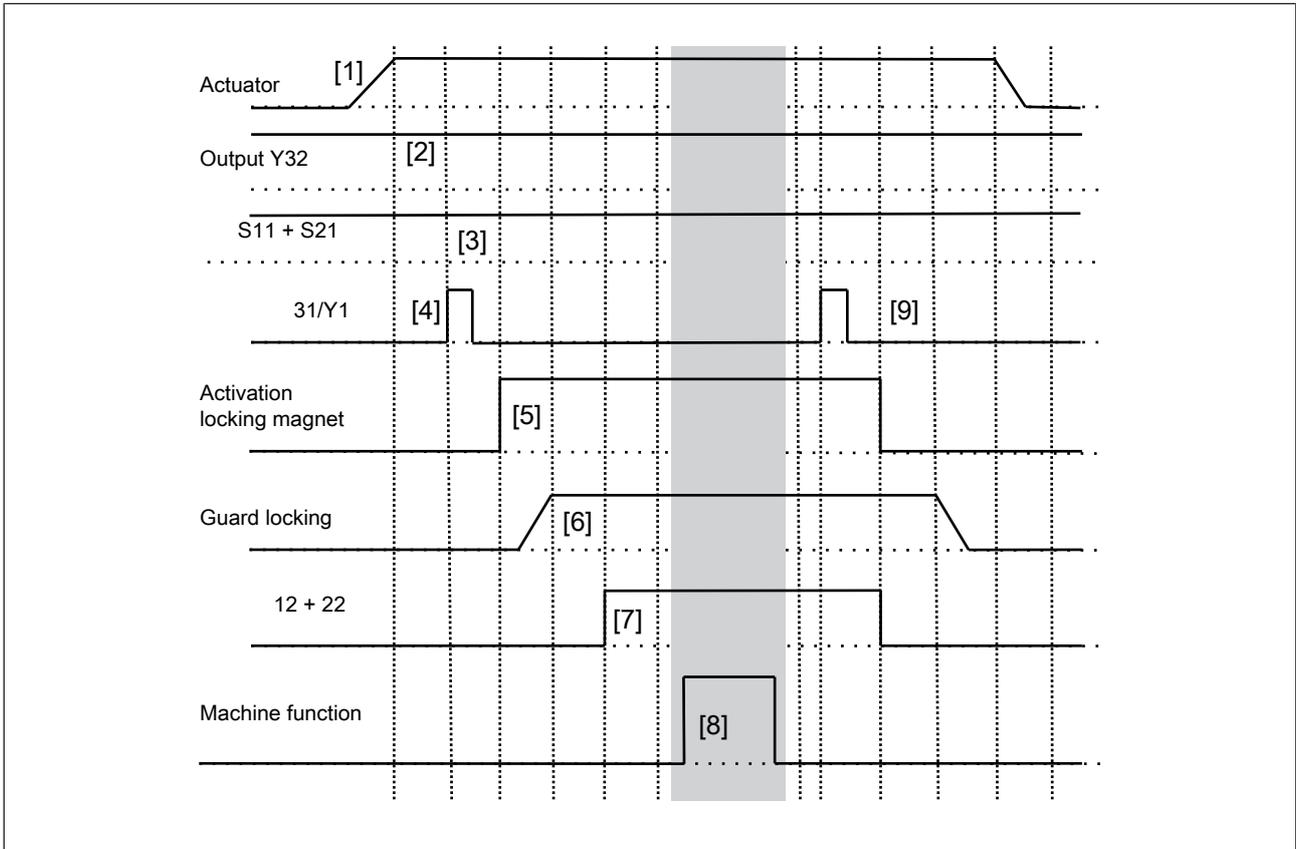


Fig.: Z\_PSEN\_slockII\_PR\_nicht\_ilo\_Proz\_schutz\_SteuerungZuhalt\_31\_mitSDD\_sprachabh\_DE

**Legend**

- [1] Gate is closed
- [2] Diagnostic output state Y32 not relevant
- [3] There is a high signal at the safety inputs S11 and S21
- [4] Activation command of Safety Device Diagnostics
- [5] Guard locking is activated by the safety controller
- [6] Guard locking is activated
- [7] There is a high signal at safety outputs 12 and 22.  
(Status message to safety controller: Guard locking activated successfully and holding force reached)
- [8] Execution of the hazardous machine function is permitted

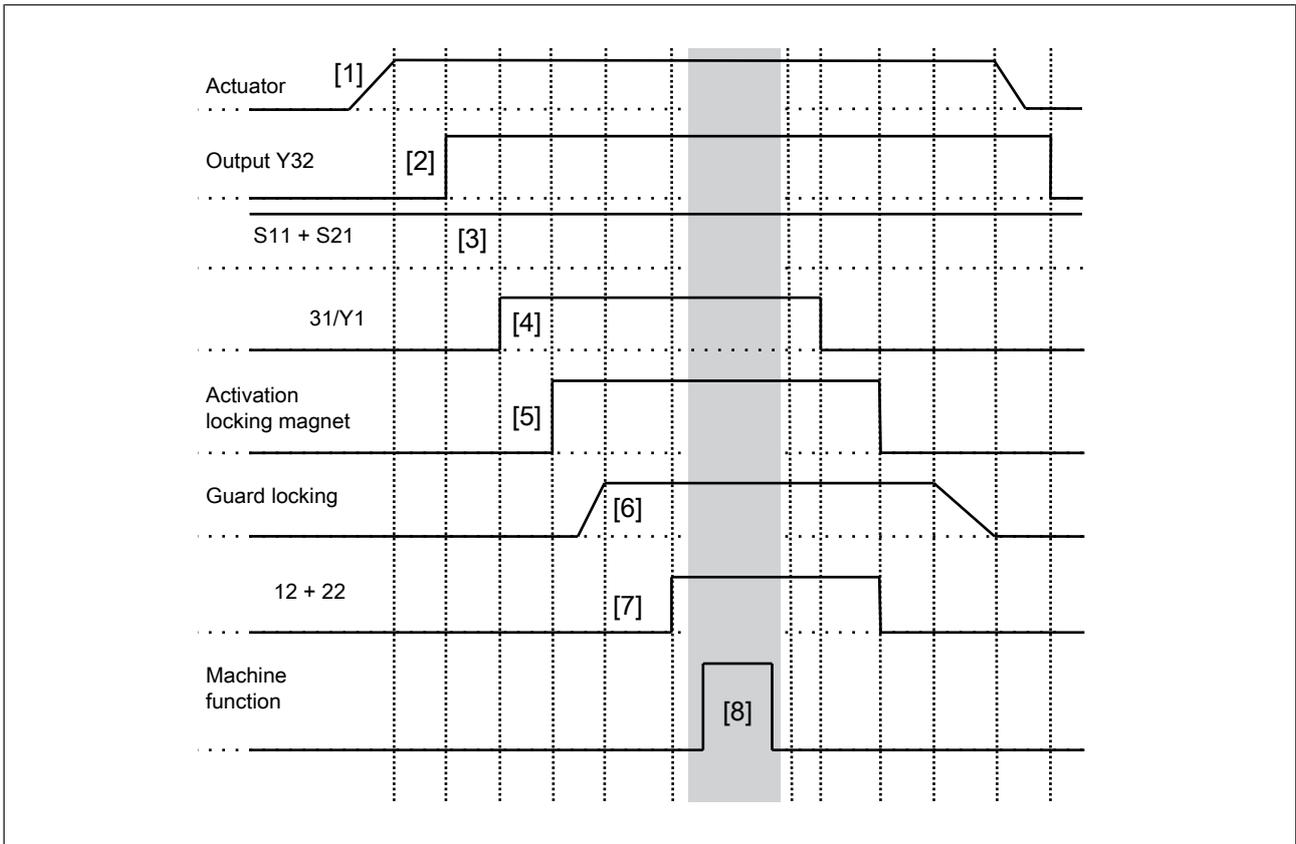


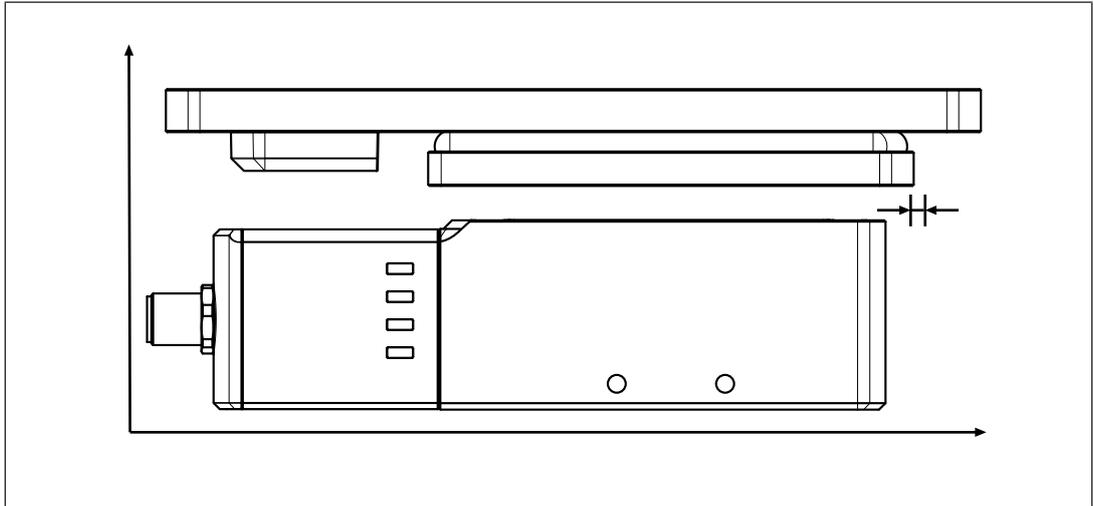
Fig.: Guard locking is controlled via 31/Y1

**Legend**

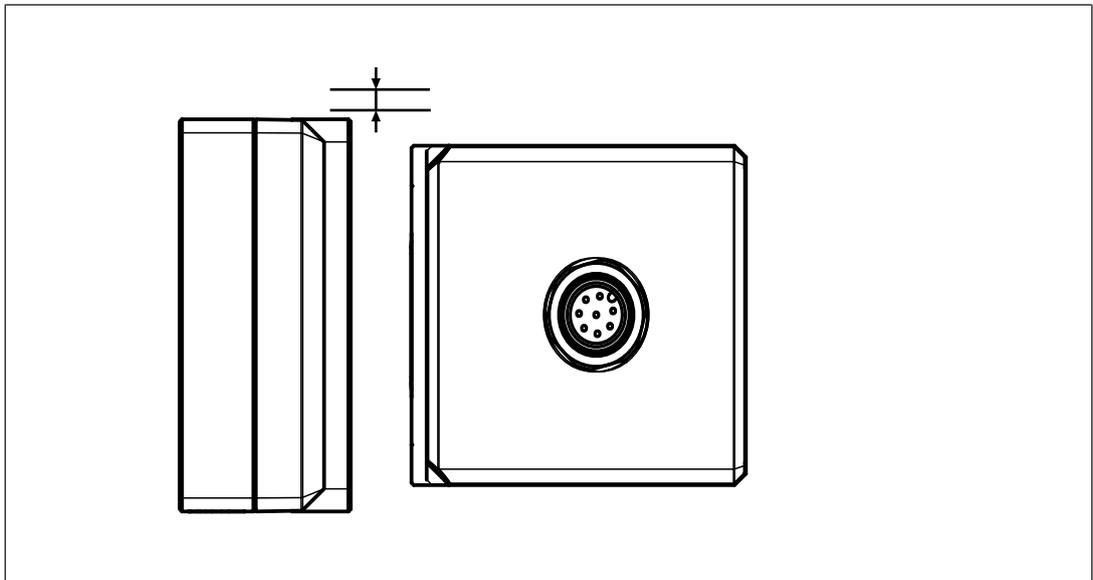
- [1] Gate is closed
- [2] Actuator detected
- [3] There is a high signal at the safety inputs S11 and S21
- [4] Guard locking is activated by the safety controller
- [5] The guard locking is activated
- [6] Guard locking is activated
- [7] There is a high signal at safety outputs 12 and 22.  
(Status message to safety controller: Guard locking activated successfully and holding force reached)
- [8] Execution of the hazardous machine function is permitted

## 4.5 Lateral and vertical offset

- ▶ Max. vertical offset: 5 mm



- ▶ Max. lateral offset: 3 mm



## 4.6 Restart interlock

To prevent the machine restarting while there is someone inside the danger zone, the accessory PSEN sl restart interlock (see [Order reference Accessories \[64\]](#)) and a padlock can be used to implement a restart interlock.

- ▶ If the actuator is to be blocked using several locks in parallel, a multiple lock can be used (e.g. Brady lockout device, article no. 852439).

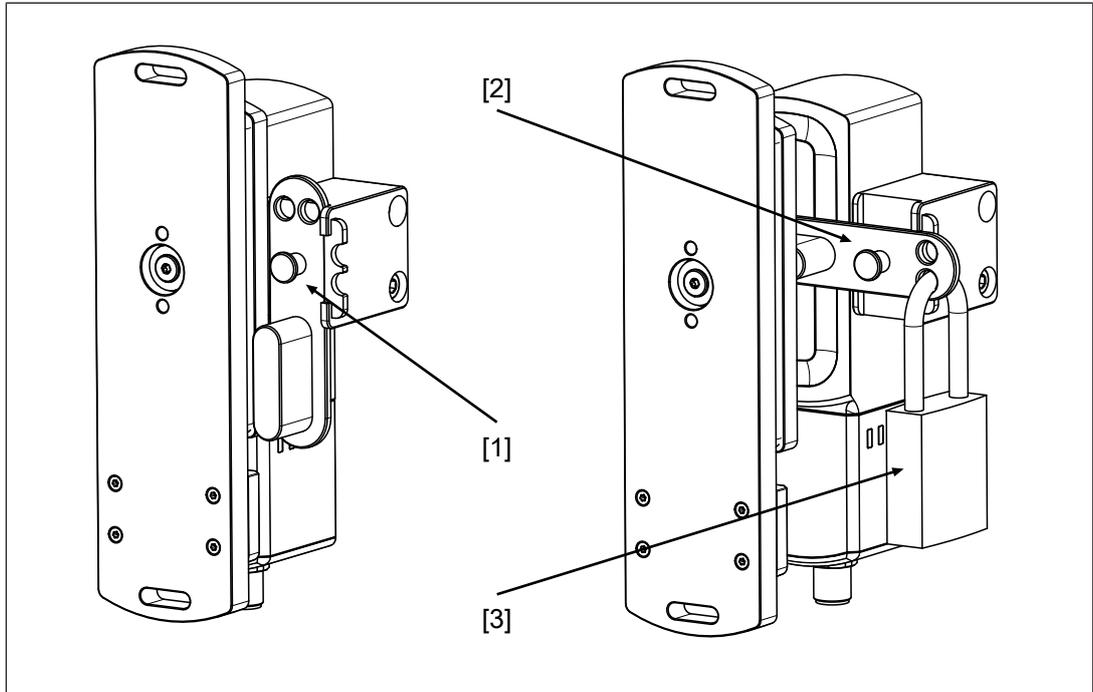


Fig.: Restart interlock on PSEN sl2

### Legend

- [1] Lever arm, open
- [2] Lever arm, locked
- [3] Padlock

## 4.7 Latching force

The latching force is the holding force from sensor to actuator when the guard locking is not activated.

The force typically consists of these components:

- ▶ Force of the permanent magnet in the actuator and
- ▶ optional actively created selectable force.

The latching force can be set (see [Set latching force \[47\]](#)):

- ▶ with a transponder key or
- ▶ with an SDD command.

**Latching force stages (when new)**

Step	
1 (preset)	approx. 30 N (without additional current requirement of the sensor due to permanent magnet in the actuator)
2	approx. 110 N (implemented by current in the locking magnet)
3	Approx. 200 N (implemented by current in the locking magnet)

## 5 Wiring

### 5.1 Important information

- ▶ Information given in the [Technical details \[53\]](#) must be followed.
- ▶ The power supply must meet the regulations for extra low voltages with protective electrical separation (SELV, PELV).
- ▶ The power supply must have an overvoltage protection of  $\leq 35$  V DC.
- ▶ Make sure you comply with the wiring technology requirements (DIN EN 60204-1) and manipulation protection requirements (EN ISO 14119).
- ▶ Inrush current based on the cable length (see [Maximum inrush current \[61\]](#)).
- ▶ The protection type (see [Technical details \[53\]](#)) is only achieved when Pilz connection cables are used - these are available as an accessory - and when the connector torque is complied with (see Technical details).
- ▶ All the signals are based on the ground connection A2.



#### WARNING!

**In the event of a power failure guard locking of the safety gate is not guaranteed**

In the event of a power failure, guard locking cannot generate force and guard locking of the safety gate is not guaranteed. This can lead to serious injury or death.

- Ensure that the risk assessment takes a power failure into account.

- ▶ Use only the cables listed in the [Order reference Accessories \[64\]](#)
- ▶ Make sure that the sealing areas on the connector and the socket of the connection lines are not damaged.

### 5.2 Guidelines for cable length

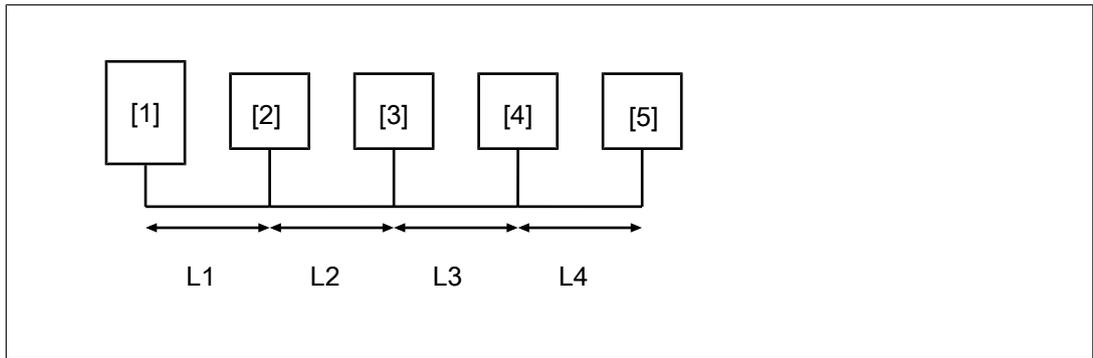
The max. cable length depends on the voltage drop at the cables to the safety switch. The level of voltage drop is determined by:

- ▶ the cable resistance,
- ▶ the current of the device and the current load of the outputs.

If the minimum permitted supply voltage at the device connector falls below the minimum permitted value (see [Technical details \[53\]](#)), the locking magnet is no longer activated reliably. The "Lock" LED registers an error when guard locking.

Possible remedies:

- ▶ Set supply voltage constantly to the upper tolerance range (see Technical details),
- ▶ Select a higher conductor cross section.
- ▶ Reduce load at the outputs, e.g. with evaluation device with semiconductor output.



- ▶ Maximum length for single connection: 50 m
- ▶ Maximum length in total for series connection: 30 m
- ▶ The lengths of the individual cables L1 – L4 may be combined as required. Examples are stated in the table.

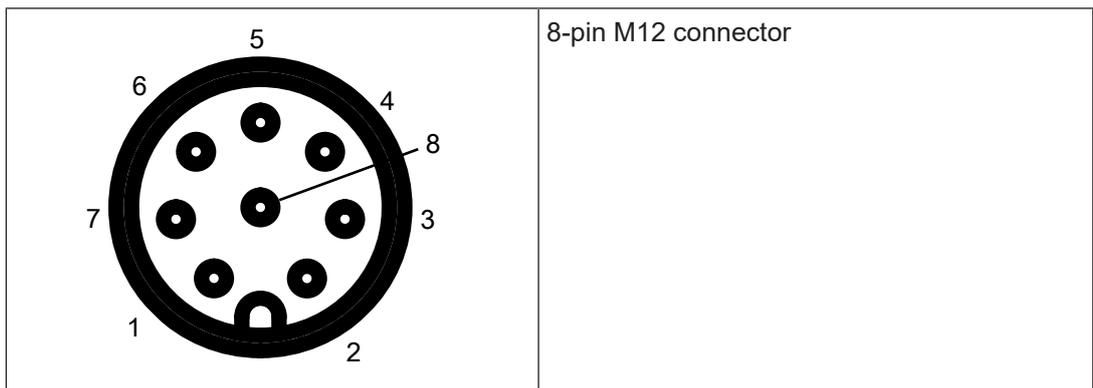
Supply voltage [V]	Number of safety switches	L1 [m]	L2 [m]	L3 [m]	L4 [m]	Overall length [m]
24	1	50	-	-	-	50
24	max. 4	max. 27	1	1	1	30
24	max. 4	5	10	5	10	30

### 5.3 Recommended cable cross sections

- ▶ Cable type: LiYY 8 x 0.25 mm<sup>2</sup> (78 Ohm/km) from Pilz

If cable lengths greater than those stated are required, please contact Pilz.

### 5.4 Pin assignment



PIN	Function	Terminal designation	Cable colour (Pilz cable)
1	Input, channel 2	S21	White
2	+24 V UB	A1	Brown
3	Safety output channel 1	12	Green
4	Safety output channel 2	22	Yellow

PIN	Function	Terminal designation	Cable colour (Pilz cable)
5	Signal output/diagnostic output SDD	Y32	Grey
6	Input channel 1	S11	Pink
7	0 V UB	A2	Blue
8	"Lock_Unlock": Control of the guard locking <b>or</b> Diagnostic input SDD	31 <b>or</b> Y1	Red

## 6 Connection to control systems and evaluation devices

### 6.1 Important information

The selected evaluation device must have the following properties:

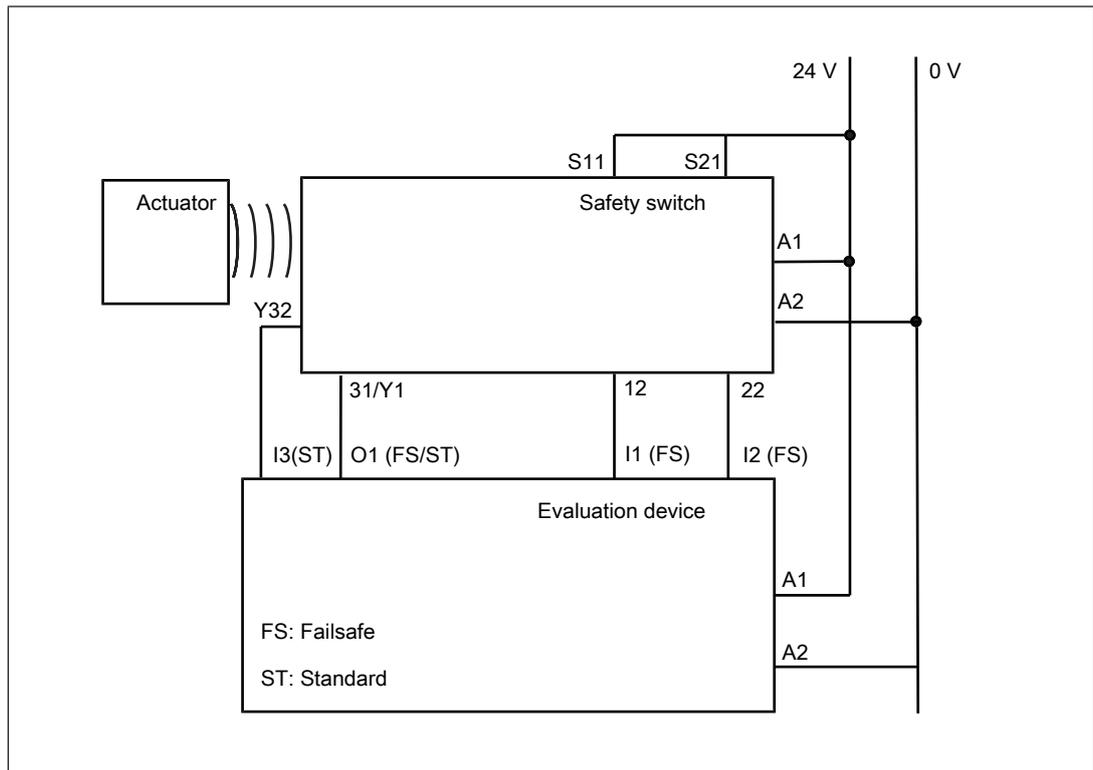
- ▶ 2-channel with plausibility monitoring

Both OSSDs must change the switch state synchronously. In particular, the evaluation device must monitor that the state of both OSSDs was "Gate unlocked" before both return to the "Gate locked" state and vice-versa.

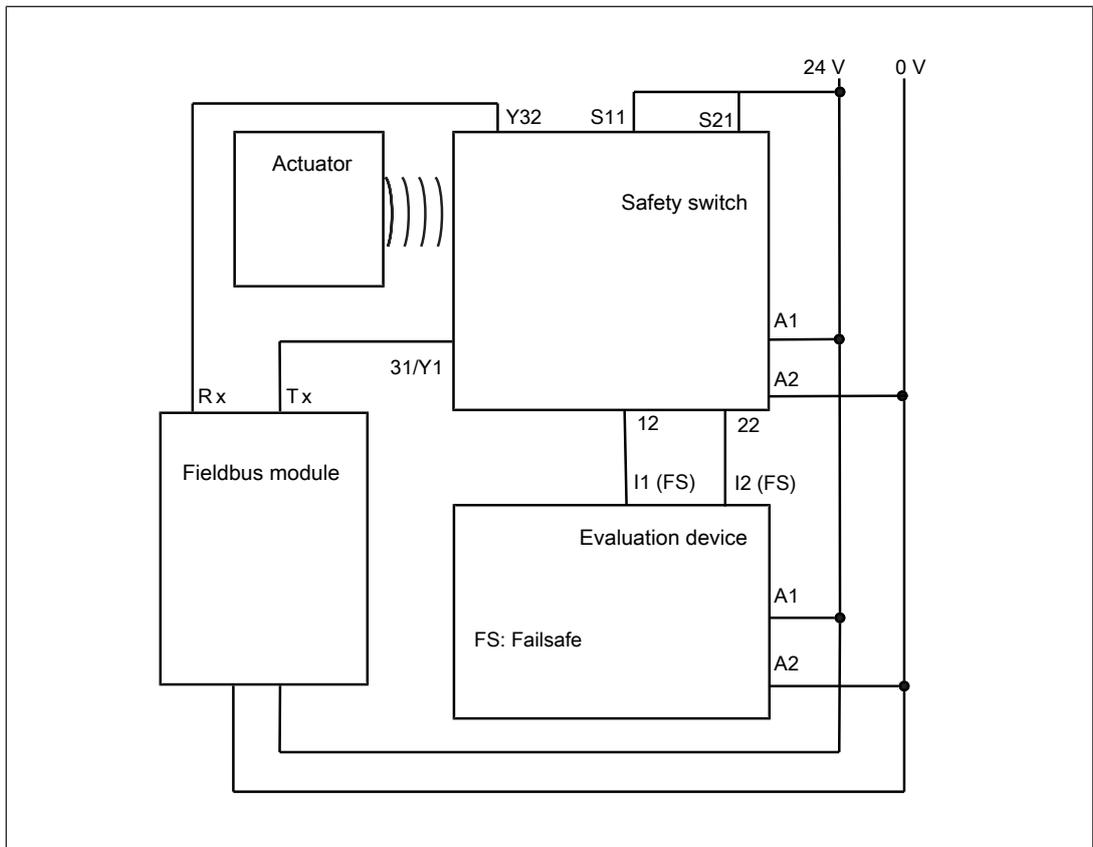
- ▶ OSSD signals are evaluated through 2 channels.
- ▶ Correspond to the C-type and class 3 interface from the ZVEI position paper "Classification of Binary 24 V Interfaces - Functional Safety aspects covered by dynamic testing".

### 6.2 Single connection

Connection diagram, single connection without SDD



### Connection diagram, single connection with SDD



## 6.3 Series connection

- ▶ Series connection with other safety switches is permitted only when considering the system description entitled "Series connection safety switches".



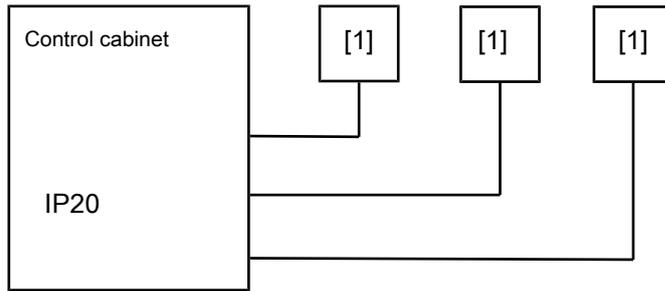
### CAUTION!

#### Extension of delay-on de-energisation

When several (n) devices are connected in series, the delay-on de-energisation time adds with the number of interconnected safety switches. The may. delay-on de-energisation is composed of

- max. delay-on de-energisation actuator
- + (n-1) x max. delay-on de-energisation of the inputs
- + delay-on de-energisation of the evaluation device

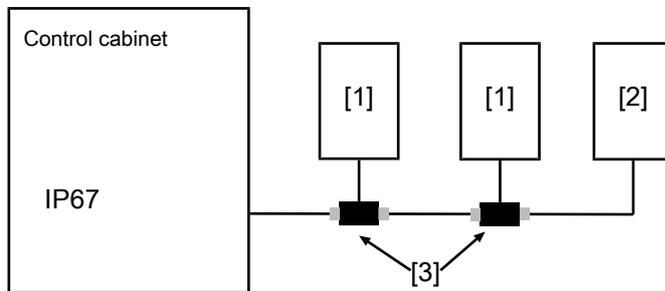
- ▶ In a series connection of several PSEN sl2 safety switches the current consumptions of the individual safety switches must be added together to determine the current consumption of the complete circuit.
- ▶ Maximum number of safety switches in a series connection
  - Logic wiring in the control cabinet (wiring in accordance with IP20)
  - Each safety switch is connected to the control cabinet with a separate line.
  - A max. of 16 safety switches [1] can be connected in series.



- Logic wiring outside the control cabinet (wiring in accordance with IP67)

A cable is laid from the control cabinet to the first max. 3 safety switches [1] to the last safety switch [2]. For connecting the first safety switch it is necessary to use a cable separator [3] (see [Order reference Accessories](#) [64]).

A max. of 4 safety switches can be connected in series.



- The max. numbers only apply taking the following conditions into account:

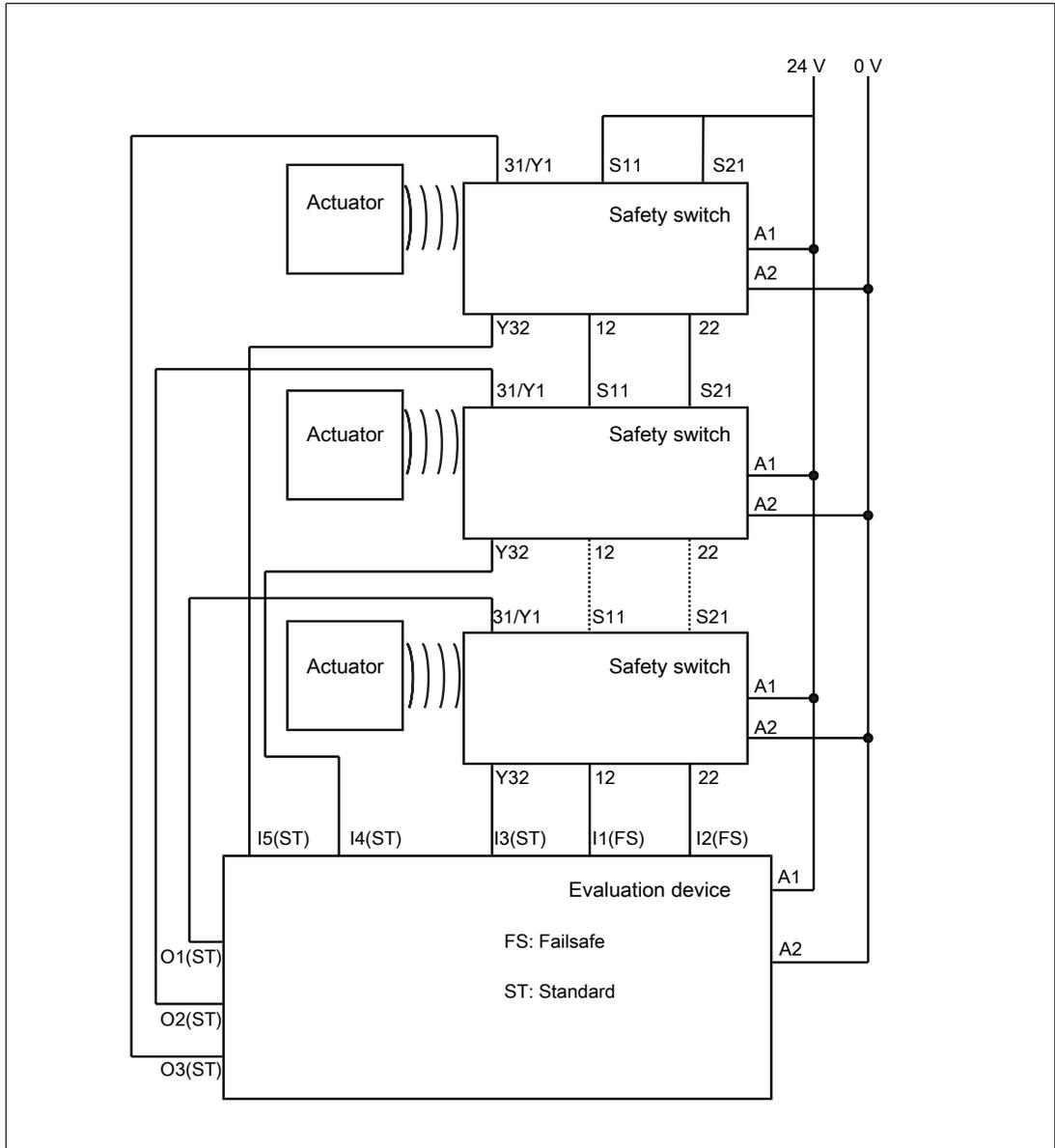
Supply voltage = 24 V,

Ambient temperature = 23 °C,

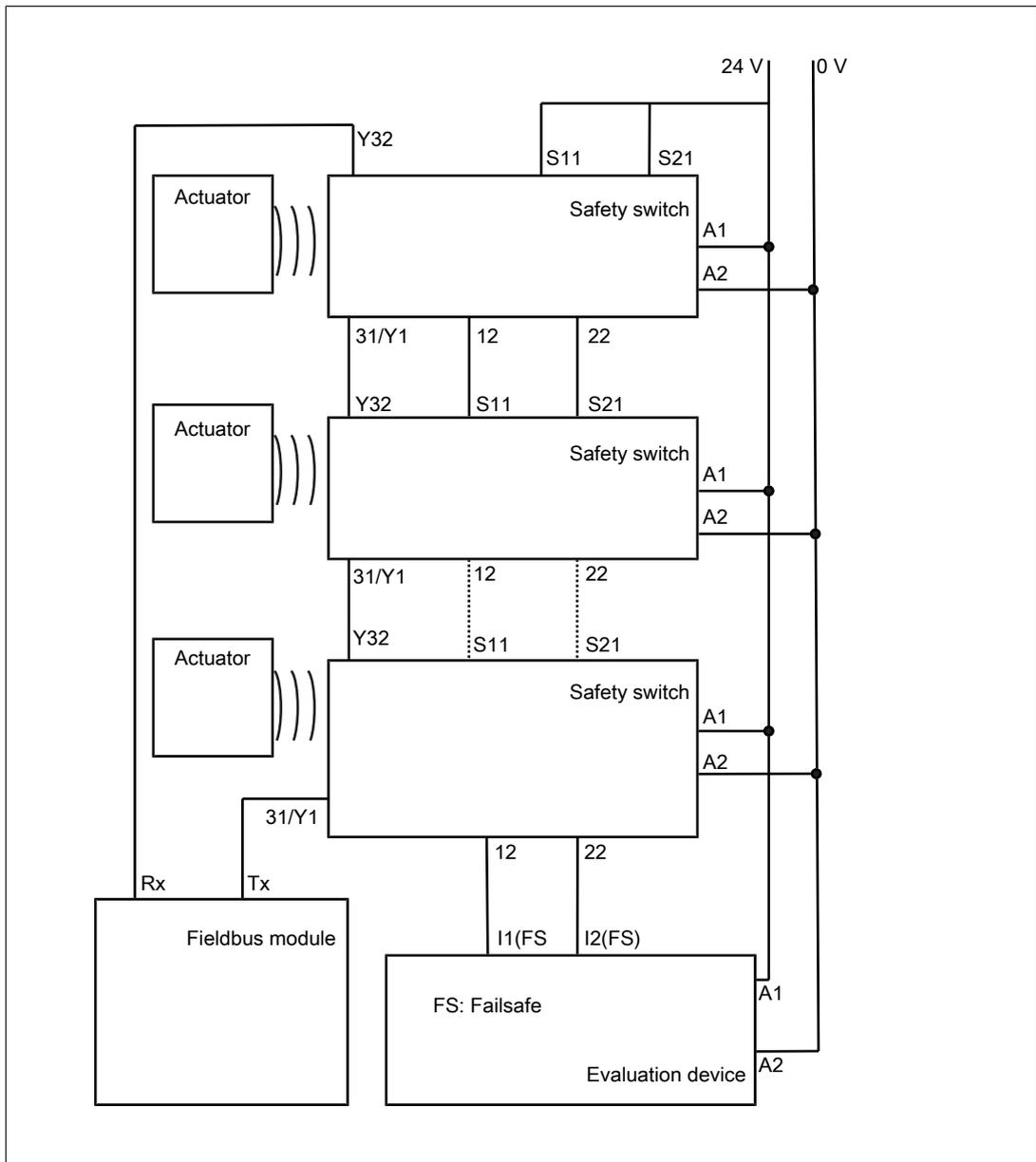
Connection lines from Pilz 8 x 0.25 mm<sup>2</sup>,

Voltage at the outputs 5 mA each.

**Connection diagram series connection without SDD**



### Connection diagram, series connection with SDD



## 6.4 Connection to Pilz evaluation devices

The safety switch can be connected to Pilz evaluation devices.

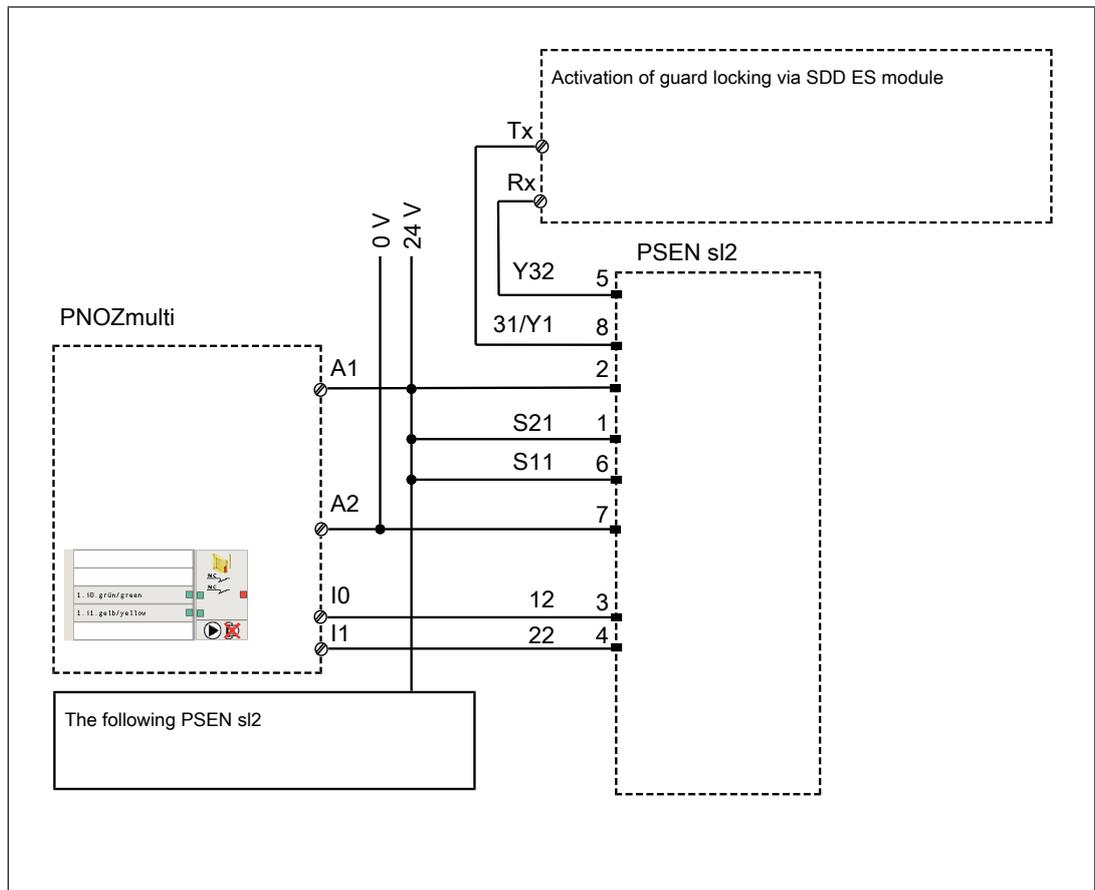
Suitable Pilz evaluation devices are, for example:

- ▶ PNOZmulti with safety gate function element
- ▶ PSSuniversal PLC with function block FS\_SafetyGate

The correct connection to the respective evaluation device is described in the operating manual for the evaluation device. Make sure that the connection is made in accordance with the specifications in the operating manual for the selected evaluation device.

Connection to PNOZmulti is illustrated by way of example.

**Connection example with PNOZmulti and Safety Device Diagnostics**



## 7 Teaching in the actuator

### 7.1 PSEN sI2-DL1-P

Any corresponding Pilz actuator (see [Technical Details \[53\]](#)) is detected as soon as it is brought into the response range.

### 7.2 PSEN sI2-DL2-P

#### Teaching in the actuator for the first time:

The first actuator to be detected by the safety switch (see [Technical details \[53\]](#)) is taught in automatically as soon as it is brought into the response range.

#### To teach in a new actuator:

▶ A maximum of 8 learning procedures are possible.

1. The actuator that is to be taught in must be brought into the safety switch's response range as the only transponder. As soon as the actuator is detected, the "Safety Gate" LED will flash yellow.
2. After a waiting period of 20 s, the "Safety Gate" LED has quick yellow flashes. Trigger a system reset in the next 120 s by interrupting the supply voltage.
3. When the supply voltage is switched back on, the learning procedure is complete and the number of permitted additional learning procedures is reduced by 1.



#### NOTICE

- The actuator must not be removed during the learning procedure.
- It is no longer possible to re-teach this actuator on the same safety switch.

### 7.3 PSEN sI2-DL3-P

The first actuator to be detected by the safety switch (see [Technical details \[53\]](#)) is taught in automatically as soon as it is brought into the response range.



#### NOTICE

No other actuator may be taught in once this actuator has been taught.

## 8 Installation

### 8.1 Important information



#### WARNING!

##### Potential loss of safety function due to gross manipulation

Depending on the application, serious injury or death may result.

Use appropriate installation measures to prevent

- The wiring being modified.
- A short circuit being generated on the connector.
- The possibility of using a second actuator to open the safety gate.



#### CAUTION!

The unit's properties may be affected if installed in an environment containing electrically or magnetically conductive material. Please check the operating distances and the assured release distance.

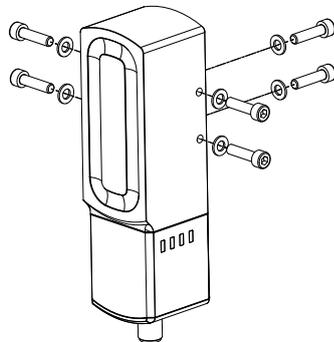


#### INFORMATION

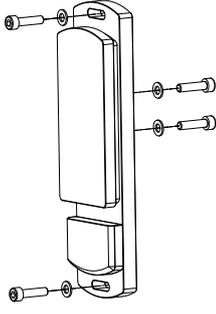
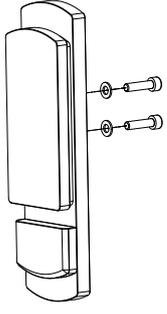
The magnet surface and counterplate may heat up. When installing, make sure that heat dissipation is guaranteed.

- ▶ Safety switches and actuators must be positioned so that they are secured against a change of position.
- ▶ Install safety switch and actuator so that the actuator is only loaded in closing direction.
- ▶ To fix the safety switch, there are drill holes on three sides.

As a result, the safety switch can be installed on the frames of left and right hinged sliding gates and swing gates.



- ▶ The actuator is installed with the back cover on the mounting surface.

	
<p>PSEN sl2-L-AL Attachment from front or from back is possible</p>	<p>PSEN sl2-L-VA Attachment from back possible</p>

- ▶ A service life of 1,000,000 cycles for the safety guard locking device is specified for an impact energy of 2 J.
- ▶ Also note the max. angular offset (see [Technical details \[53\]](#)).
- ▶ The access to the safety switch and actuator has to be possible for maintenance and checking the correct operation.
- ▶ Due to the function of the safety guard locking device, the safety switch is used as an end stop. A high impact energy reduces the service life of the safety guard locking device. Ensure that the impact energy does not exceed the max. permitted value (see ["Technical details" \[53\]](#)).  
The impact energy can be reduced by installing a buffer.



**WARNING!**

**Potential loss of safety function due to damage to the safety guard locking device**

Depending on the application, serious injury or death may result.

- Ensure that mounting brackets that are used to attach the safety guard locking device are not used as an end stop.

- ▶ Use reliable fastening elements. A tool is required to loosen the fastening elements.
- ▶ Prevent self-loosening of the fastening elements,
  - on the safety switch: By complying with the max. torque setting (see [Technical details \[53\]](#)) and medium-strength bonded screw retention.
  - on the actuator: By complying with the max. torque setting (see [Technical details \[53\]](#)) and medium-strength bonded screw retention.
- ▶ Use the same type of screw to attach the safety switch and actuator.
- ▶ Use two M5 screws of the strength class 8.8. to fix the safety switch and actuator.

- ▶ Installation measures in accordance with EN ISO 14119
  - For all coding types:
    - Use non-removable flat head locking screws to attach the safety switch and actuator (e.g. cheese-head or pan head screws) or rivets.
  - For coded safety switches:
    - Installation of the safety switch and actuator must be concealed.
- ▶ The fastening of safety switch and actuator has to be sufficiently stable to ensure the proper operation of the safety switch and the actuator.
- ▶ Prevent the safety switch and actuator being exposed to heavy shock or vibration.
- ▶ The mounting surface must have a max. unevenness of 0.5 mm.
- ▶ The actuator must rest flush on the mounting surface.
- ▶ The safety switch and actuator should be installed opposite each other in parallel.
- ▶ Circumvention of the safety switch in a reasonably foreseeable manner must be prevented.
- ▶ The actuator should be installed so it does not present a risk when using the safety gate.
- ▶ Alignment errors of the guard must not adversely affect the safety function of the guard.



### INFORMATION

Mounting brackets are available as [accessories](#) [ 64].

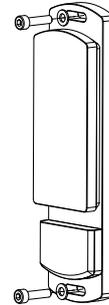
## 8.2 Installing on a swing gate

This chapter shows the graphics of the PSEN sl2-L-AL actuator.

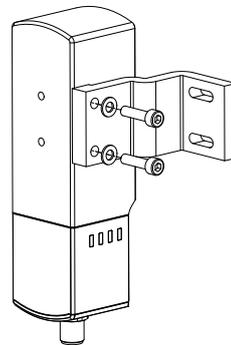
Unless stated otherwise, the information also applies to the PSEN sl2-L-VA actuator.

Align the actuator flush with the edge of the gate at the height required and tighten the screws.

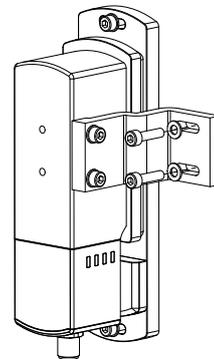
Close gate.



Align the mounting bracket flush with the safety switch and tighten the screws.



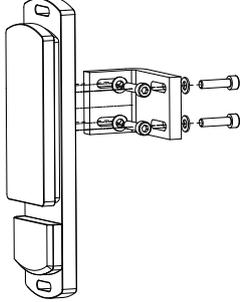
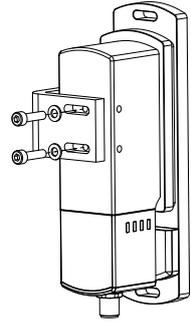
Align the safety switch and mounting bracket with the actuator and tighten the screws.



### 8.3 Installing on a sliding gate

This chapter shows the graphics of the PSEN sl2-L-AL actuator.

Unless stated otherwise, the information also applies to the PSEN sl2-L-VA actuator.

<p>Align the actuator mounting bracket flush with the sliding gate and tighten the screws.</p> <p>Install the actuator at the height required.</p>	
<p>Align the safety switch mounting bracket flush with the frame and fasten with screws.</p> <p>(Important: Do not tighten the screws.)</p>	
<p>Fix safety switch upright with a screw, close gate.</p>	
<p>Align mounting brackets, press firmly together and tighten screw.</p>	
<p>Remove the safety switch and tighten screw.</p>	
<p>Align the safety switch to the actuator and tighten the screws.</p>	

## 9

### Adjustment

- ▶ The stated operating distances (see [Technical details](#)  53) only apply when the safety switch and actuator are installed facing each other in parallel. Operating distances may deviate if other arrangements are used.
- ▶ Note the maximum permitted lateral and vertical offset (see [Lateral and vertical offset](#)  21).
- ▶ The guaranteed holding force can only be achieved when the adjustment was carried out correctly.
- ▶ Always test the function with a connected evaluation device.

## 10 Commissioning



### NOTICE

The safety functions should be checked after initial commissioning and each time the plant/machine is changed. The safety functions may only be checked by qualified personnel.

### 10.1 Visual inspection

- ▶ Check the safety switch and actuator for damage.  
Replace the damaged safety switch and actuator.
- ▶ Check that the safety switch and actuator are firmly secured.  
Tighten the fixing screws using the appropriate torque.
- ▶ Remove any dirt from the safety switch and actuator.
- ▶ Check that the wiring is correct.
- ▶ Check the offset of the safety switch and actuator.
  - Max. lateral offset
  - Max. angular offset
  - Max. vertical offset
- ▶ Make sure that the sealing areas on the connector and the socket of the connection lines are not damaged.
- ▶ Check the alignment of the safety switch and actuator and correct it as required.

### 10.2 Function test

- ▶ Ensure that the supply voltage is connected correctly at A1 and A2.
- ▶ Bring the actuator into the safety switch's response range.  
When the actuator is detected, a high signal is present at the signal output Y32.
- ▶ Supply a high signal at the safety inputs S11 and S21.
- ▶ Supply a high signal at the input 31/Y1.  
When the guaranteed locking force is reached, the guard locking is deemed to be successfully activated. "Lock" LED lights up green.  
There is a high signal at safety outputs 12 and 22 each when guard locking is activated successfully.
- ▶ If one of these conditions is not met, the signal at the safety outputs 12 and 22 will be low.

#### Function check SDD (if used)

- ▶ Read out the serial numbers of all the connected safety devices.  
When the serial numbers of the connected safety devices can be read out, the SDD communication works correctly.

# 11 Operation



**NOTICE**

The safety functions should be checked after initial commissioning and each time the plant/machine is changed. The safety functions may only be checked by qualified personnel.



**CAUTION!**

**Contaminated surfaces can reduce the holding force of the electro-magnet.**

Make sure that the contact surfaces are clean.

**Possible states of the LED**

	LED off
	LED on in green, yellow or red
	LED flashes (500 ms on, 500 ms off) in green, yellow or red
	LED flashes quickly (50 ms on, 950 ms off) in yellow or red
	LED flashes very quickly (25 ms on, 475 ms off) in yellow
	Display of the previous state without change (only used in case of a fault)
	Display of the state as in normal operation (only used in case of a fault)

**Status indicators**

LED		
Device		The unit is ready for operation
Safety Gate		Actuator is within the response range
Lock		Guard locking active
Input		The unit is ready for operation

**Guard locking controlled with SDD commands**

- ▶ If guard locking is controlled with SDD commands, the lighting behaviour of the "Lock" LED is no longer primarily dependent on the switching state 31/Y1. The status of guard locking is displayed using LED.
- ▶ If guard locking cannot be activated with SDD commands, **and** no actuator is detected, this is indicated for 10 seconds, as specified in the table. Then it is switched back to normal condition. There is **no** display of the unsuccessful activation attempt.
- ▶ If guard locking cannot be activated with SDD commands, **and** the actuator is detected, this is indicated as specified in the table.

**11.1 Normal operation**

Inputs			Actuator detected	Outputs		Guard locking status	LED indicators				Meaning/remedy
S11	S21	31/Y1		Y32	12+22		Device	Safety Gate	Input	Lock	
-	-	-	No	-	Low	Inactive					The safety switch is started. A self-test is carried out as part of the start procedure.
High	High	Low	No	Low	Low	Inactive					Safety gate open, actuator not detected, guard locking deactivated.
Low	Low	Low	No	Low	Low	Inactive					Safety gate open, actuator not detected, guard locking deactivated, safety inputs S11 and S21 are low.
High	High	High	No	Low	Low	Inactive					Safety gate open, actuator not detected, guard locking deactivated, safety inputs S11, S21 and input 31/Y1 are high.
Low	Low	High	No	Low	Low	Inactive					Safety gate open, actuator not detected, guard locking deactivated, input 31/Y1 is high.

Inputs			Actuator detected	Outputs		Guard locking status	LED indicators				Meaning/remedy
S11	S21	31/Y1		Y32	12+22		Device	Safety Gate	Input	Lock	
Low	Low	Low	Yes	High	Low	Inactive					Safety gate closed, actuator detected, guard locking deactivated Safety inputs S11, S21 and input 31/Y1 are low.
High	High	Low	Yes	High	Low	Inactive					Safety gate closed, actuator detected, guard locking deactivated, safety inputs S11, S21 are high, input 31/Y1 is low.
High	High	High	Yes	High	Low	Inactive					Safety gate closed, actuator detected, safety input 31/Y1 switches from low to high (state during activation attempt)
Low	Low	High	Yes	High	Low	Inactive					Safety gate closed, actuator detected, guard locking deactivated- Safety inputs S11, S21 are low, input 31/Y1 is high.
High	High	High	Yes	High	Low	Inactive					Safety gate closed, actuator detected, safety input 31/Y1 switches from low to high (state during activation attempt)
Low	Low	High	Yes	High	Low	Active					Safety gate closed, actuator detected, guard locking activated Safety inputs S11, S21 are low, input 31/Y1 is high.

Warnings

Inputs			Actuator detected	Outputs		Guard locking status	LED indicators				Meaning/remedy
S11	S21	31/Y1		Y32	12+22		Device	Safety Gate	Input	Lock	
-	-	High	Yes	High	Low	Active	 Green	 Yellow		 Green	Guard locking could not be activated. Problem of voltage supply or heavy soiling of the actuator. Check the wiring and the actuator. When using SDD: Please note the information under <a href="#">Guard locking controlled with SDD commands</a> [42].
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	 Yellow				The supply voltage is outside the permitted range. Ensure the supply voltage as specified in the <a href="#">Technical details</a> [53].
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	 Green		 Yellow		Partial operation: Safety input S11 <b>or</b> S21 is high, after S11 <b>and</b> S21 were low. Close both inputs.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	 Red		 Yellow		Partial operation: Safety input S11 <b>or</b> S21 is low, after S11 <b>and</b> S21 were high. Set both inputs to low (switch to normal operation).
-	-	-	-	-	Low	-	 Red		 Yellow		Partial operation lock: Set both inputs to low. This will cancel the lock.

Inputs			Actuator detected	Outputs		Guard locking status	LED indicators				Meaning/remedy
S11	S21	31/Y1		Y32	12+22		Device	Safety Gate	Input	Lock	
-	-	-	Yes	Low	Low	Inactive	 Green	 Yellow			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ With fully coded safety switches: Actuator has been taught in.</li> <li>▶ With uniquely coded safety switches: No other actuator may be taught in.</li> </ul>
-	-	-	Yes	Low	Low	Inactive	 Green	 Yellow			With coded safety switches: New actuator has been detected.
-	-	-	Yes	Low	Low	Inactive	 Green	 Yellow			With coded safety switches: New actuator can be taught in.
-	-	-	Yes	Low	Low	Inactive		 Yellow		 Red	<p>The set latching force level is displayed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ 1 time flashing red quickly: Latching force step 1</li> <li>▶ 2 times flashing red quickly: Latching force step 2</li> <li>▶ 3 times flashing red quickly: Latching force step 3</li> </ul>

## 11.2 Error display

Inputs			Actuator detected	Outputs		Guard locking status	LED indicators				Meaning/remedy
S11	S21	31/Y1		Y32	12+22		Device	Safety Gate	Input	Lock	
-	-	-	-	-	Low	-					The supply voltage is outside the permitted range. Ensure the supply voltage as specified in the <a href="#">Technical details</a> [ 53].
-	-	High	Yes	High	Low	-					Holding force cannot be reached.
-	-	High	No	Low	Low	-					Safety gate was opened by force.
-	-	-	-	-	Low	-					Error at the safety outputs.
-	-	-	-	-	Low	-		-	-	-	Internal fault. Please contact Pilz.

## 11.3 Exit fault condition

You can only exit the fault condition by [Restarting the safety switch](#) [ 47]

## 11.4 Set latching force

- ▶ Set latching force with SDD command

The SDD command can be used to set the latching force at any time (when guard locking is active, for example).

- Latching force step 1
- Latching force step 2
- Latching force step 3

With the transponder key PSEN sl2 Config Key, the latching force during normal operation can be set.

### Prerequisites

- ▶ In the zone below the Pilz logo of the safety switch there must be no actuator and no PSEN sl2 Config Key.

### Procedure:

1. Hold the PSEN sl2 Config Key in normal operation to the safety switch below the Pilz logo for 5 seconds. The latching force is increased by one stage.

When the PSEN sl2 Config Key is held to the safety switch for another 5 seconds, the latching force is increased by another stage. When the highest stage is reached, the latching force is changed to the lowest stage.

- ▶ The set latching force stage is marked by quick flashing of the "Lock" LED.

quick flashing 1 x means that the stage 1 is set.

quick flashing 2 x with a short interval means that the stage 2 is set.

quick flashing 3 x with a short interval means that the stage 3 is set.

## 11.5 Safety switch restart

Disconnect the supply voltage from the safety switch and connect the safety switch back to the supply voltage. The safety switch starts automatically.

## 12 Maintenance and testing



### INFORMATION

Pilz recommends creating a maintenance plan.

### 12.1 Regular checks

Regular checks can bring to light changes to the plant/machine, safeguards and ambient conditions.



### INFORMATION

Checks may only be performed by qualified personnel.



### NOTICE

Only Pilz may repair the device. Any guarantee is rendered invalid if the housing is opened or unauthorised modifications are carried out.

- ▶ Test intervals (in accordance with EN ISO 14119)
  - at least monthly for PL e
  - at least every 12 months for PL d
  - When safety switches are used under corrosive ambient conditions, the intervals must be shortened.
- ▶ Check that the safety switch and actuator are firmly secured.  
Tighten the fixing screws using the appropriate torque.
- ▶ Remove any dirt from the safety switch and actuator.
- ▶ Check that the wiring is correct.
- ▶ Check the offset of the safety switch and actuator.
  - Max. lateral offset
  - Max. angular offset
  - Max. vertical offset
- ▶ Make sure that the sealing areas on the connector and the socket of the connection lines are not damaged.
- ▶ Check the safety switch and actuator for damage.  
Replace the damaged safety switch and actuator.
- ▶ Check the brackets for wear when exchanging a safety switch or an actuator. Also exchange the mounting brackets.

## 12.2 Maintenance



**CAUTION!**

**Contaminated surfaces can reduce the holding force of the electro-magnet.**

Make sure that the contact surfaces are clean.

- ▶ Clean the safety switches and actuators every week with a soft cloth and a mild cleaning agent.

When using a different cleaning agent, ensure that the safety switch and the actuator are not damaged by the cleaning agent.

# 13 Dimensions in mm

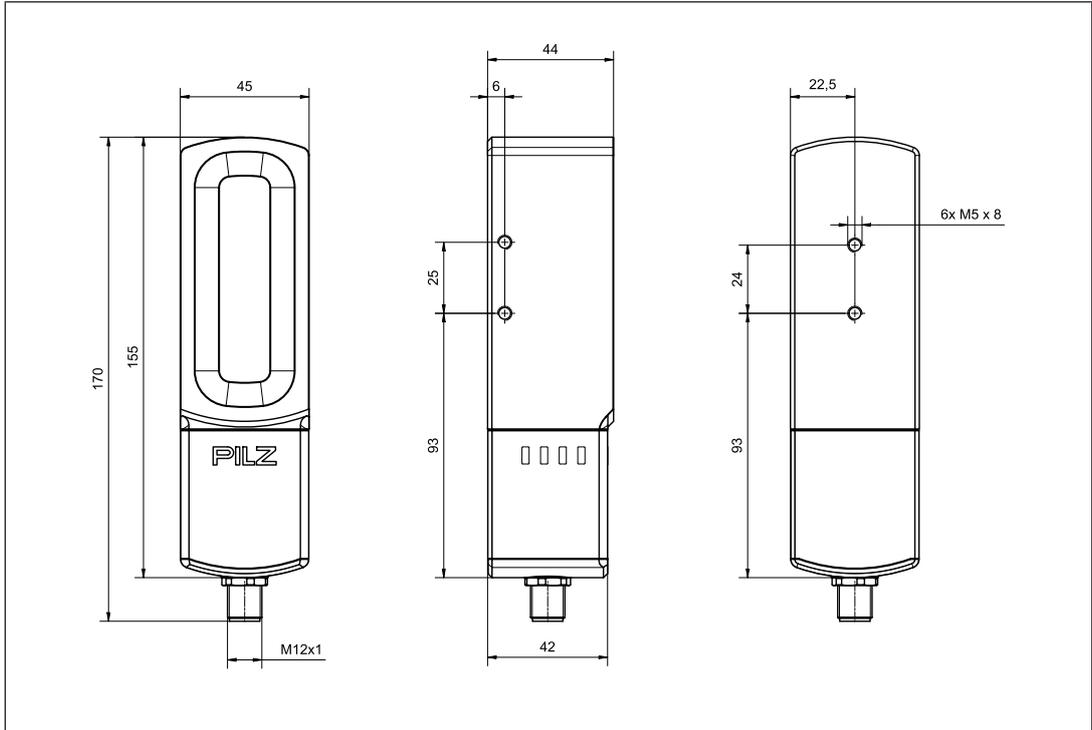


Fig.: Safety switch - front view, side view, rear view

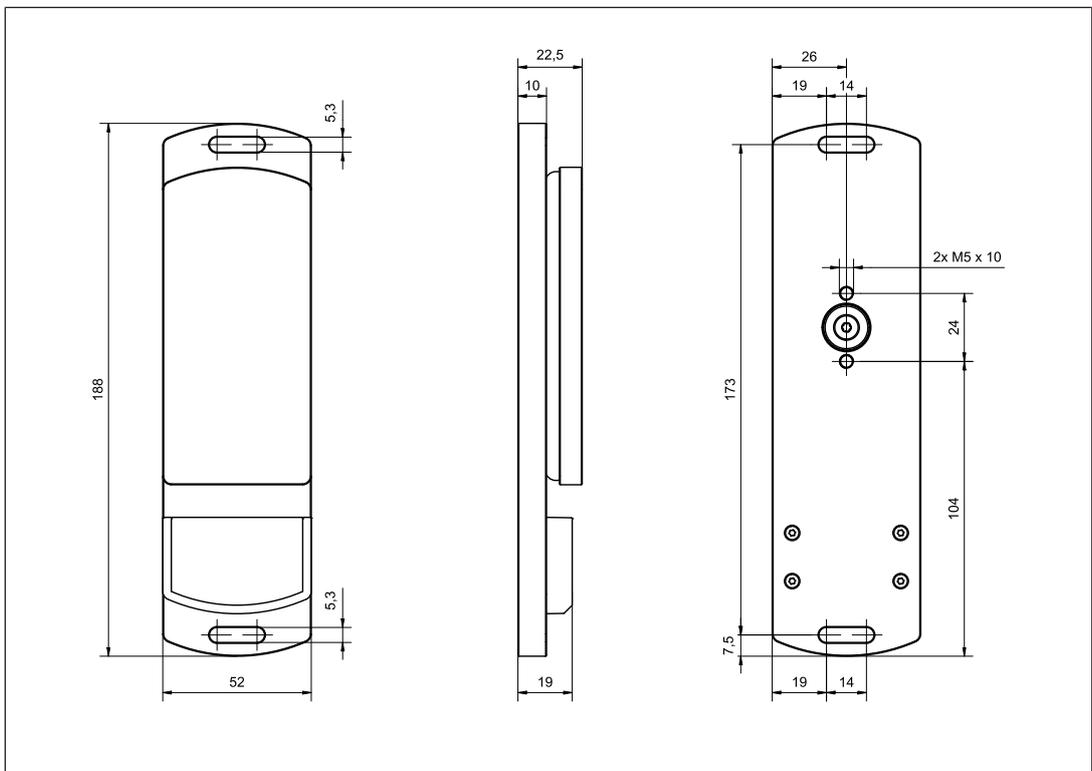


Fig.: Actuator PSEN sl2-L-AL-actuator - front view, side view, rear view

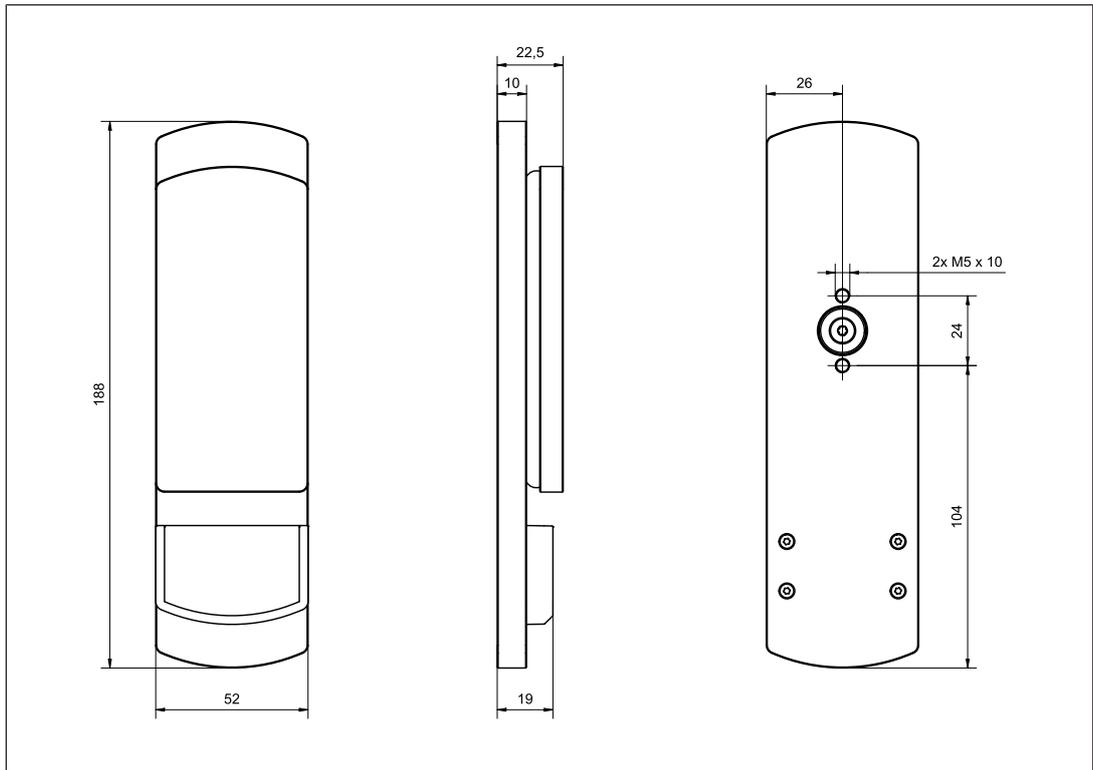


Fig.: Actuator PSEN sl2-L-VA-actuator - front view, side view, rear view

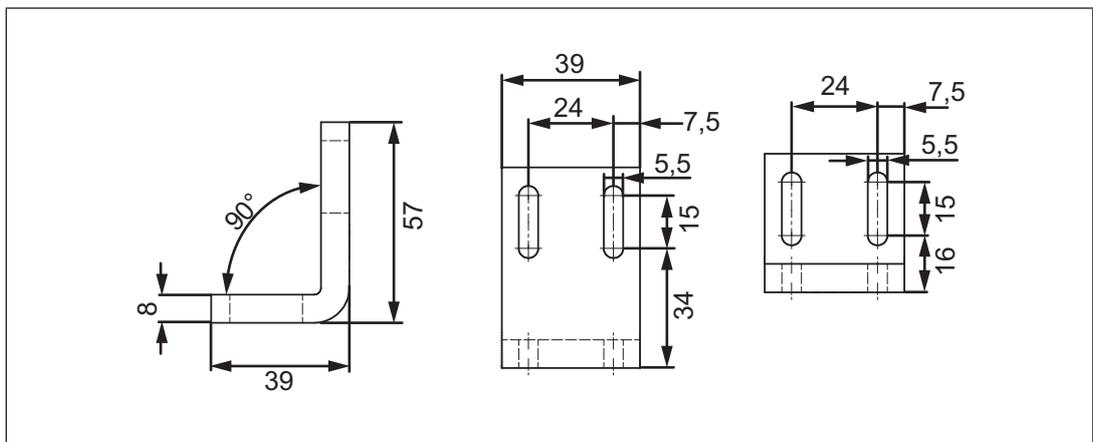


Fig.: Mounting bracket for sliding gate (see [Accessories](#) [64])

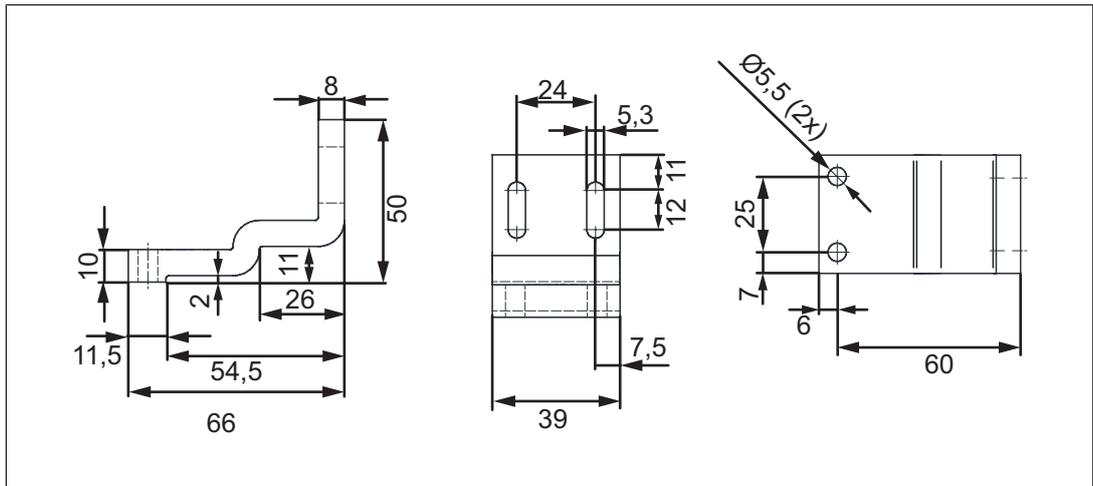


Fig.: Mounting bracket for swing gate (see [Accessories](#) [64])

## 14 Technical details for safety switch

Where standards are undated, the 2021-03 valid editions apply.

<b>General</b>	<b>6N000004</b>	<b>6N000005</b>	<b>6N000006</b>
Certifications	CE, EAC, FCC, IC, TÜV, UKCA, cULus Listed	CE, EAC, FCC, IC, TÜV, UKCA, cULus Listed	CE, EAC, FCC, IC, TÜV, UKCA, cULus Listed
Sensor's mode of operation	Transponders	Transponders	Transponders
Coding level in accordance with EN ISO 14119	Low	High	High
Design in accordance with EN ISO 14119	4	4	4
Classification in accordance with EN 60947-5-3	PDDB	PDDB	PDDB
Pilz coding type	coded	fully coded	uniquely coded
<b>Transponders</b>	<b>6N000004</b>	<b>6N000005</b>	<b>6N000006</b>
Frequency band	122 kHz - 128 kHz	122 kHz - 128 kHz	122 kHz - 128 kHz
Max. transmitter output	15 mW	15 mW	15 mW
<b>Electrical data</b>	<b>6N000004</b>	<b>6N000005</b>	<b>6N000006</b>
Supply voltage			
Voltage	24 V	24 V	24 V
Kind	DC	DC	DC
Voltage tolerance	-20 %/+20 %	-20 %/+20 %	-20 %/+20 %
Output of external power supply (DC)	7,5 W	7,5 W	7,5 W
Max. switching frequency	1 Hz	1 Hz	1 Hz
Max. cable capacitance at the safety outputs			
No-load, PNOZ with relay contacts	70 nF	70 nF	70 nF
PNOZmulti, PNOZelog, PSS	70 nF	70 nF	70 nF
Max. unit fuse protection in accordance with UL	4 A	4 A	4 A
No-load current	23 mA	23 mA	23 mA
<b>Inputs</b>	<b>6N000004</b>	<b>6N000005</b>	<b>6N000006</b>
Quantity	3	3	3
Voltage at inputs	24 V DC	24 V DC	24 V DC
Input current range	5 mA	5 mA	5 mA
<b>Semiconductor outputs</b>	<b>6N000004</b>	<b>6N000005</b>	<b>6N000006</b>
OSSD safety outputs	2	2	2
Signal outputs	1	1	1
Switching current per output	100 mA	100 mA	100 mA
Breaking capacity per output	2,4 W	2,4 W	2,4 W

<b>Semiconductor outputs</b>	<b>6N000004</b>	<b>6N000005</b>	<b>6N000006</b>
Short circuit-proof	<b>Yes</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<b>Yes</b>
Residual current at outputs	<b>100 µA</b>	<b>100 µA</b>	<b>100 µA</b>
Voltage drop at OSSDs	<b>1,5 V</b>	<b>1,5 V</b>	<b>1,5 V</b>
Conditional rated short circuit current	<b>100 A</b>	<b>100 A</b>	<b>100 A</b>
Lowest operating current	<b>1 mA</b>	<b>1 mA</b>	<b>1 mA</b>
Utilisation category in accordance with EN 60947-1	<b>DC-13</b>	<b>DC-13</b>	<b>DC-13</b>
<b>Times</b>	<b>6N000004</b>	<b>6N000005</b>	<b>6N000006</b>
Max. test pulse duration, safety outputs	<b>450 µs</b>	<b>450 µs</b>	<b>450 µs</b>
Switch-on delay			
after UB is applied	<b>1,6 s</b>	<b>1,6 s</b>	<b>1,6 s</b>
Inputs typ.	<b>3,5 ms</b>	<b>3,5 ms</b>	<b>3,5 ms</b>
Inputs max.	<b>5 ms</b>	<b>5 ms</b>	<b>5 ms</b>
Actuator typ.	<b>36 ms</b>	<b>36 ms</b>	<b>36 ms</b>
Actuator max.	<b>500 ms</b>	<b>500 ms</b>	<b>500 ms</b>
Switch-on delay safety contacts			
Guard locking max.	<b>500 ms</b>	<b>500 ms</b>	<b>500 ms</b>
Delay-on de-energisation			
Inputs typ.	<b>3 ms</b>	<b>3 ms</b>	<b>3 ms</b>
Inputs max.	<b>5 ms</b>	<b>5 ms</b>	<b>5 ms</b>
Actuator typ.	<b>40 ms</b>	<b>40 ms</b>	<b>40 ms</b>
Actuator max.	<b>260 ms</b>	<b>260 ms</b>	<b>260 ms</b>
Delay-on de-energisation safety contacts			
Guard locking max.	<b>40 ms</b>	<b>40 ms</b>	<b>40 ms</b>
Risk time in accordance with EN 60947-5-3	<b>260 ms</b>	<b>260 ms</b>	<b>260 ms</b>
Supply interruption before de-energisation	<b>10 ms</b>	<b>10 ms</b>	<b>10 ms</b>
Simultaneity, channel 1 and 2 max.	<b>∞</b>	<b>∞</b>	<b>∞</b>
Processing time activate/deactivate guard locking	<b>390 ms</b>	<b>390 ms</b>	<b>390 ms</b>
<b>Environmental data</b>	<b>6N000004</b>	<b>6N000005</b>	<b>6N000006</b>
Temperature of metal surface at ambient temperature: 25 °C	<b>40 °C</b>	<b>40 °C</b>	<b>40 °C</b>
Max. surface temperature	<b>80 °C</b>	<b>80 °C</b>	<b>80 °C</b>
Ambient temperature			
in accordance with the standard	<b>EN 60068-2-14</b>	<b>EN 60068-2-14</b>	<b>EN 60068-2-14</b>
Temperature range	<b>-25 - 60 °C</b>	<b>-25 - 60 °C</b>	<b>-25 - 60 °C</b>

<b>Environmental data</b>	<b>6N000004</b>	<b>6N000005</b>	<b>6N000006</b>
Storage temperature			
in accordance with the standard	<b>EN 60068-2-1/-2</b>	<b>EN 60068-2-1/-2</b>	<b>EN 60068-2-1/-2</b>
Temperature range	<b>-25 - 70 °C</b>	<b>-25 - 70 °C</b>	<b>-25 - 70 °C</b>
Climatic suitability			
in accordance with the standard	<b>EN 60068-2-78</b>	<b>EN 60068-2-78</b>	<b>EN 60068-2-78</b>
Humidity	<b>93 % r. h. at 40 °C</b>	<b>93 % r. h. at 40 °C</b>	<b>93 % r. h. at 40 °C</b>
Max. operating height above SL	<b>2000 m</b>	<b>2000 m</b>	<b>2000 m</b>
EMC	<b>EN 55011: class A, EN 60947-5-3, EN 61326-3-1</b>	<b>EN 55011: class A, EN 60947-5-3, EN 61326-3-1</b>	<b>EN 55011: class A, EN 60947-5-3, EN 61326-3-1</b>
Vibration			
in accordance with the standard	<b>EN 60068-2-6</b>	<b>EN 60068-2-6</b>	<b>EN 60068-2-6</b>
Frequency	<b>10 - 55 Hz</b>	<b>10 - 55 Hz</b>	<b>10 - 55 Hz</b>
Amplitude	<b>1 mm</b>	<b>1 mm</b>	<b>1 mm</b>
Shock stress			
in accordance with the standard	<b>EN 60068-2-27</b>	<b>EN 60068-2-27</b>	<b>EN 60068-2-27</b>
Number of shocks	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>
Acceleration	<b>30g</b>	<b>30g</b>	<b>30g</b>
Duration	<b>11 ms</b>	<b>11 ms</b>	<b>11 ms</b>
Airgap creepage			
Overvoltage category	<b>III</b>	<b>III</b>	<b>III</b>
Pollution degree	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>
Rated insulation voltage	<b>32 V</b>	<b>32 V</b>	<b>32 V</b>
Rated impulse withstand voltage	<b>0,8 kV</b>	<b>0,8 kV</b>	<b>0,8 kV</b>
Protection type			
Housing	<b>IP67</b>	<b>IP67</b>	<b>IP67</b>
in accordance with UL	<b>Type 1</b>	<b>Type 1</b>	<b>Type 1</b>
<b>Operating distances</b>	<b>6N000004</b>	<b>6N000005</b>	<b>6N000006</b>
Assured operating distance $S_{ao}$	<b>0,00 mm</b>	<b>0,00 mm</b>	<b>0,00 mm</b>
Typical operating distance $S_o$	<b>0,0 mm</b>	<b>0,0 mm</b>	<b>0,0 mm</b>
Assured release distance $S_{ar}$	<b>15 mm</b>	<b>15 mm</b>	<b>15 mm</b>
Typical release distance $S_r$	<b>12 mm</b>	<b>12 mm</b>	<b>12 mm</b>
Repetition accuracy switching distances	<b>40 %</b>	<b>40 %</b>	<b>40 %</b>
Typ. hysteresis	<b>2,5 mm</b>	<b>2,5 mm</b>	<b>2,5 mm</b>

<b>Operating distances</b>	<b>6N000004</b>	<b>6N000005</b>	<b>6N000006</b>
<b>Actuator 1</b>			
Type	<b>PSEN sI2-L-AL actuator</b>	<b>PSEN sI2-L-AL actuator</b>	<b>PSEN sI2-L-AL actuator</b>
Assured operating distance $S_{ao}$	<b>0,0 mm</b>	<b>0,0 mm</b>	<b>0,0 mm</b>
Typical operating distance $S_o$	<b>0,0 mm</b>	<b>0,0 mm</b>	<b>0,0 mm</b>
Assured release distance $S_{ar}$	<b>15 mm</b>	<b>15 mm</b>	<b>15 mm</b>
Typical release distance $S_r$	<b>12 mm</b>	<b>12 mm</b>	<b>12 mm</b>
Repetition accuracy switching distances	<b>40 %</b>	<b>40 %</b>	<b>40 %</b>
Typ. hysteresis	<b>2,5 mm</b>	<b>2,5 mm</b>	<b>2,5 mm</b>
<b>Actuator 2</b>			
Type	<b>PSEN sI2-L-VA actuator</b>	<b>PSEN sI2-L-VA actuator</b>	<b>PSEN sI2-L-VA actuator</b>
Assured operating distance $S_{ao}$	<b>0,0 mm</b>	<b>0,0 mm</b>	<b>0,0 mm</b>
Typical operating distance $S_o$	<b>0,0 mm</b>	<b>0,0 mm</b>	<b>0,0 mm</b>
Assured release distance $S_{ar}$	<b>15 mm</b>	<b>15 mm</b>	<b>15 mm</b>
Typical release distance $S_r$	<b>12 mm</b>	<b>12 mm</b>	<b>12 mm</b>
Repetition accuracy switching distances	<b>40 %</b>	<b>40 %</b>	<b>40 %</b>
Typ. hysteresis	<b>2,5 mm</b>	<b>2,5 mm</b>	<b>2,5 mm</b>
<b>Mechanical data</b>	<b>6N000004</b>	<b>6N000005</b>	<b>6N000006</b>
Max. impact energy	<b>2,0 J</b>	<b>2,0 J</b>	<b>2,0 J</b>
Mechanical life	<b>1,000,000 cycles</b>	<b>1,000,000 cycles</b>	<b>1,000,000 cycles</b>
Holding force $F_{1max}$ in accordance with EN ISO 14119	<b>2000 N</b>	<b>2000 N</b>	<b>2000 N</b>
Typ. latching force level, selectable	<b>30 N, 110 N, 200 N</b>	<b>30 N, 110 N, 200 N</b>	<b>30 N, 110 N, 200 N</b>
Magnetic holding force off	<b>30 N</b>	<b>30 N</b>	<b>30 N</b>
Max. vertical offset	<b>5 mm</b>	<b>5 mm</b>	<b>5 mm</b>
Max. lateral offset	<b>3 mm</b>	<b>3 mm</b>	<b>3 mm</b>
Max. angular offset	<b>+/-2 deg</b>	<b>+/-2 deg</b>	<b>+/-2 deg</b>
Max. angular offset around the X axis	<b>+/-2 deg</b>	<b>+/-2 deg</b>	<b>+/-2 deg</b>
Max. angular offset around the Y axis	<b>+/-2 deg</b>	<b>+/-2 deg</b>	<b>+/-2 deg</b>
Max. angular offset around the Z axis	<b>+/-2 deg</b>	<b>+/-2 deg</b>	<b>+/-2 deg</b>
Actuator 1	<b>PSEN sI2-L-AL actuator</b>	<b>PSEN sI2-L-AL actuator</b>	<b>PSEN sI2-L-AL actuator</b>
Actuator 2	<b>PSEN sI2-L-VA actuator</b>	<b>PSEN sI2-L-VA actuator</b>	<b>PSEN sI2-L-VA actuator</b>
Min. distance between safety switches	<b>20 mm</b>	<b>20 mm</b>	<b>20 mm</b>

<b>Mechanical data</b>	<b>6N000004</b>	<b>6N000005</b>	<b>6N000006</b>
Sensor flush installation in accordance with EN 60947-5-2	<b>yes, follow installation guidelines</b>	<b>yes, follow installation guidelines</b>	<b>yes, follow installation guidelines</b>
Connection type	<b>M12, 8-pin male connector</b>	<b>M12, 8-pin male connector</b>	<b>M12, 8-pin male connector</b>
Cable	<b>LiYY 8 x 0.25 mm<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>LiYY 8 x 0.25 mm<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>LiYY 8 x 0.25 mm<sup>2</sup></b>
Material	<b>Stainless steel, plastic, steel-coated</b>	<b>Stainless steel, plastic, steel-coated</b>	<b>Stainless steel, plastic, steel-coated</b>
Material Top	<b>PBT</b>	<b>PBT</b>	<b>PBT</b>
Max. torque setting Connectors	<b>0,6 Nm</b>	<b>0,6 Nm</b>	<b>0,6 Nm</b>
Max. fixing screws torque settings	<b>3 Nm</b>	<b>3 Nm</b>	<b>3 Nm</b>
Dimensions			
Height	<b>170 mm</b>	<b>170 mm</b>	<b>170 mm</b>
Width	<b>45 mm</b>	<b>45 mm</b>	<b>45 mm</b>
Depth	<b>44 mm</b>	<b>44 mm</b>	<b>44 mm</b>
Weight	<b>1.467 g</b>	<b>1.467 g</b>	<b>1.467 g</b>

## 15 Technical details actuator

Where standards are undated, the 2021-03 valid editions apply.

<b>General</b>	<b>6N000026</b>	<b>6N000027</b>
Certifications	<b>CE, TÜV, UKCA, cULus Listed</b>	<b>CE, TÜV, UKCA, cULus Listed</b>
Sensor's mode of operation	<b>Transponders</b>	<b>Transponders</b>
Coding level in accordance with EN ISO 14119	<b>Low</b>	<b>Low</b>
Pilz coding type	<b>coded</b>	<b>coded</b>
<b>Environmental data</b>	<b>6N000026</b>	<b>6N000027</b>
Ambient temperature		
in accordance with the standard	<b>EN 60068-2-14</b>	<b>EN 60068-2-14</b>
Temperature range	<b>-25 - 60 °C</b>	<b>-25 - 60 °C</b>
Storage temperature		
in accordance with the standard	<b>EN 60068-2-1/-2</b>	<b>EN 60068-2-1/-2</b>
Temperature range	<b>-25 - 70 °C</b>	<b>-25 - 70 °C</b>
Climatic suitability		
in accordance with the standard	<b>EN 60068-2-78</b>	<b>EN 60068-2-78</b>
Humidity	<b>93 % r. h. at 40 °C</b>	<b>93 % r. h. at 40 °C</b>
EMC	<b>EN 55011: class A, EN 60947-5-3, EN 61326-3-1</b>	<b>EN 55011: class A, EN 60947-5-3, EN 61326-3-1</b>
Vibration		
in accordance with the standard	<b>EN 60947-5-2</b>	<b>EN 60947-5-2</b>
Frequency	<b>10 - 55 Hz</b>	<b>10 - 55 Hz</b>
Amplitude	<b>0,35 mm</b>	<b>0,35 mm</b>
Shock stress		
in accordance with the standard	<b>EN 60068-2-27</b>	<b>EN 60068-2-27</b>
Number of shocks	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>
Acceleration	<b>30g</b>	<b>30g</b>
Duration	<b>11 ms</b>	<b>11 ms</b>
in accordance with the standard	<b>EN 60068-2-27</b>	<b>EN 60068-2-27</b>
Number of shocks	<b>500</b>	<b>500</b>
Acceleration	<b>10g</b>	<b>10g</b>
Duration	<b>16 ms</b>	<b>16 ms</b>
Protection type		
Housing	<b>IP67, IP6K9K</b>	<b>IP67, IP6K9K</b>
<b>Mechanical data</b>	<b>6N000026</b>	<b>6N000027</b>
Material		
Top	<b>PBT</b>	<b>PBT</b>
Anchor plate	<b>Nickel-plated steel</b>	<b>Nickel-plated steel</b>
Actuator	<b>Anticorodal, anodised</b>	<b>Stainless steel 1.4301</b>

<b>Mechanical data</b>	<b>6N000026</b>	<b>6N000027</b>
Dimensions		
Height	<b>188 mm</b>	<b>188 mm</b>
Width	<b>52 mm</b>	<b>52 mm</b>
Depth	<b>22,5 mm</b>	<b>22,5 mm</b>
Weight	<b>626 g</b>	<b>1.102 g</b>

## 16 Supplementary data

### 16.1 Radio approval

USA/Canada



FCC ID: VT8-RM01

IC: 7482A-RM01

FCC/IC-Requirements:

This product complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules and with Industry Canada licence-exempt RSS standards.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1) this product may not cause harmful interference, and
- 2) this product must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Changes or modifications made to this product not expressly approved by Pilz may void the FCC authorization to operate this equipment.

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

This equipment complies with FCC and IC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment.

This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance of 20 cm between the radiator and your body.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Le présent produit est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes:

- (1) le produit ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et
- (2) l'utilisateur de le produit doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Cet équipement est conforme aux limites d'exposition aux rayonnements IC établies pour un environnement non contrôlé.

Cet équipement doit être installé et utilisé avec un minimum de 20 cm de distance entre la source de rayonnement et votre corps.

Ce transmetteur ne doit pas être placé au même endroit ou utilisé simultanément avec un autre transmetteur ou antenne.

## 16.2 Maximum inrush current

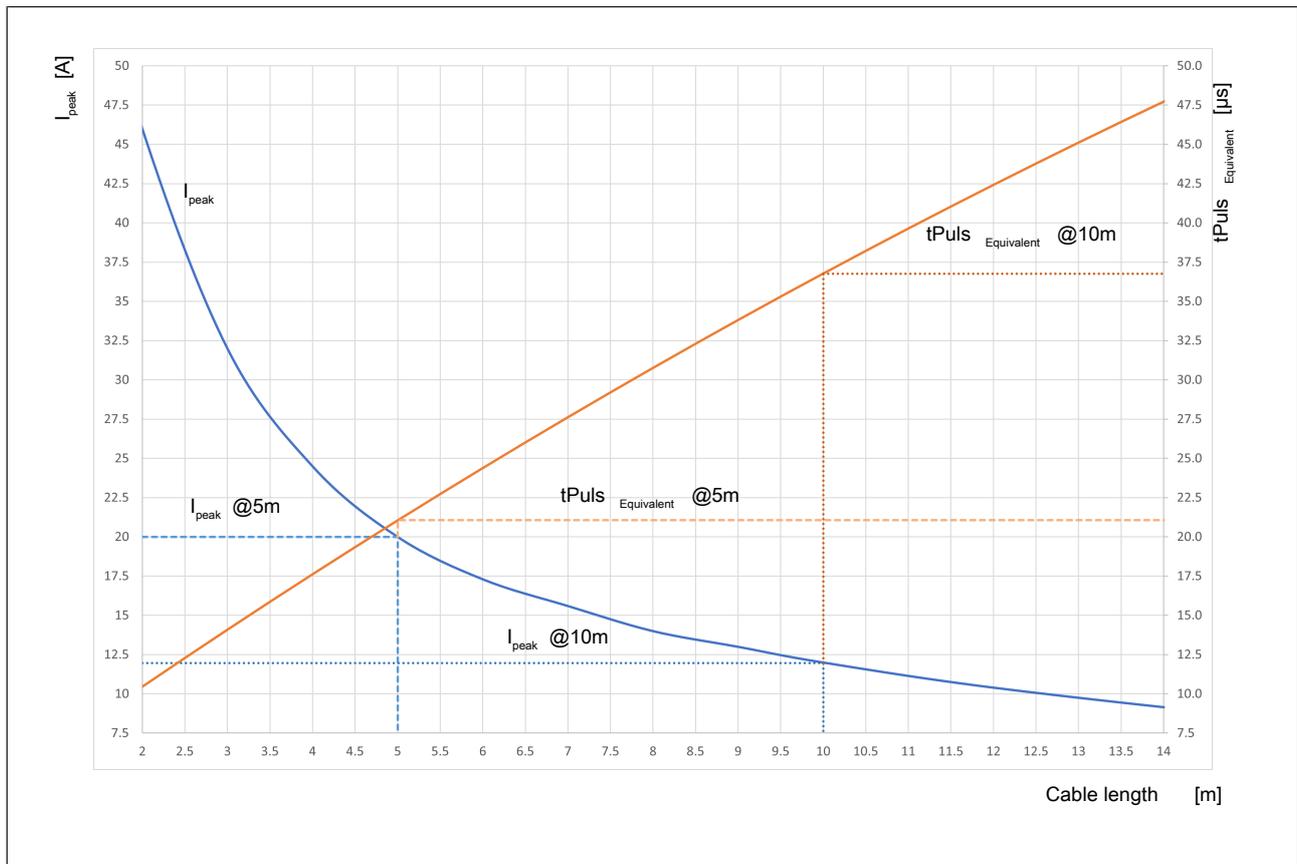


Fig.: Inrush current based on the cable length

Cable length in m	$I_{peak}$ in A	Equivalent pulse time $tPuls_{equivalent}$ in µs
5	20	21.1
10	12	36.8

## 16.3 Test in aggressive ambient conditions

- Expose the product to the aggressive ambient conditions, as would typically occur when using the product (dust, type of liquid, temperature, pressure, for example).
- Carry out a visual check of the product.
  - Check the sealing areas on the connector and on the socket of the connection cables for damage.
  - Check all the product's parts for unchanged external appearance.
- Install and wire the product and perform a [Function test](#)  40].

## 17 Classification in accordance with ZVEI, CB24I

The following tables describe the classes and specific values of the product interface and the classes of interfaces compatible with it. The classification is described in the ZVEI position paper "Classification of Binary 24 V Interfaces - Functional Safety aspects covered by dynamic testing".

<b>Input</b>	
<b>Interfaces</b>	
Drain	
Class	C2
Source	
Class	C2, C3
<b>Drain parameters</b>	
Max. test pulse duration	0,5 ms
Min. test pulse interval	2 ms
Min. input resistance	2,7 kOhm
Max. capacitive load	1 nF
<b>Single-pole output</b>	
<b>Interfaces</b>	
Source	
Class	C2
Drain	
Class	C1, C2
<b>Source parameters</b>	
Max. test pulse duration	450 µs
Max. rated current	0,1 A
Max. capacitive load	70 nF

## 18 Safety characteristic data



### NOTICE

You must comply with the safety characteristic data in order to achieve the required safety level for your plant/machine.

Operating mode	EN ISO 13849-1: 2015	EN ISO 13849-1: 2015	EN IEC 62061 SIL CL/max.	EN IEC 62061 61508	EN/IEC 61511 61508	EN/IEC 61511 61508	EN ISO 13849-1: 2015
	PL	Category	SIL	PFH [1/h]	SIL	PFD	T <sub>M</sub> [year]
2-ch. OSSD	PL e	Cat. 4	SIL CL 3	5,41E-09	–	1,20E-04	20

Explanatory notes for the safety-related characteristic data:

- ▶ T<sub>M</sub> is the maximum mission time in accordance with EN ISO 13849-1. The value also applies as the retest interval in accordance with EN/IEC 61508-6 and EN/IEC 61511 and as the proof test interval and mission time in accordance with EN IEC 62061

All the units used within a safety function must be considered when calculating the safety characteristic data.



### INFORMATION

A safety function's SIL/PL values are **not** identical to the SIL/PL values of the products used and may differ from these.



### NOTICE

Be sure that you observe the mechanical life. The safety characteristic data are only valid as long as the values of mechanical life are met.

## 19 Order reference

### 19.1 Safety switch

Product type	Features	Order no.
PSEN sl2-DL1-P switch	Safety switch, with electromagnetic guard locking, coded, for safety locking device PSENSlock2, guard locking for process protection, holding force 2000 N, 8-pin M12 male connector, series connection	6N000004
PSEN sl2-DL2-P switch	Safety switch, with electromagnetic guard locking, fully coded, for safety locking device PSENSlock2, guard locking for process protection, holding force 2000 N, 8-pin M12 male connector, series connection	6N000005
PSEN sl2-DL3-P switch	Safety switch, with electromagnetic guard locking, uniquely coded, for safety locking device PSENSlock2, guard locking for process protection, holding force 2000 N, 8-pin M12 male connector, series connection	6N000006

### 19.2 Actuator

Product type	Features	Order no.
PSEN sl2-L-AL actuator	Actuator for safety guard locking device PSENSlock2, base plate of aluminium, for holding force 2000 N	6N000026
PSEN sl2-L-VA actuator	Actuator for safety guard locking device PSENSlock2, base plate of stainless steel, for holding force 2000 N	6N000027

### 19.3 Accessories

#### Installation material

Product type	Features	Order no.
PSEN screw M5x20 10pcs	Safety screws made from stainless steel with one-way slot	540312
PSEN sl bracket swing door	Mounting bracket for swing gates and folding gates	570550
PSEN sl bracket sliding door	Mounting bracket for sliding gates	570551
PSEN sl restart interlock	Mechanical add-on module for attachment to a safety guard locking device, suitable for the safety guard locking devices PSENSlock and PSENSlock2,  For use as restart interlock, to safeguard work carried out in the danger zone of a machine that has been shut down,  Option to attach up to two padlocks for security.	570552
PSEN sl2 Config Key	Transponder key for setting the latching force on the safety switch	6N000031

## Cable

Product type	Features	Connector X1	Connector X2	Connector X3	Order no.
PSEN cable M12-8sf M12-8sm, 0.5m	0.5 m	M12, 8-pin fe- male con- nector, straight	M12, 8-pin male con- nector, straight		540345
PSEN cable M12-8sf M12-8sm, 1m	1 m	M12, 8-pin fe- male con- nector, straight	M12, 8-pin male con- nector, straight		540346
PSEN cable M12-8sf M12-8sm, 1.5m	1.5 m	M12, 8-pin fe- male con- nector, straight	M12, 8-pin male con- nector, straight		540347
PSEN cable M12-8sf M12-8sm, 2m	2 m	M12, 8-pin fe- male con- nector, straight	M12, 8-pin male con- nector, straight		540340
PSEN cable M12-8sf M12-8sm, 5m	5 m	M12, 8-pin fe- male con- nector, straight	M12, 8-pin male con- nector, straight		540341
PSEN cable M12-8sf M12-8sm, 10m	10 m	M12, 8-pin fe- male con- nector, straight	M12, 8-pin male con- nector, straight		540342
PSEN cable M12-8sf M12-8sm, 20m	20 m	M12, 8-pin fe- male con- nector, straight	M12, 8-pin male con- nector, straight		540343
PSEN cable M12-8sf M12-8sm, 30m	30 m	M12, 8-pin fe- male con- nector, straight	M12, 8-pin male con- nector, straight		540344
PSEN cable axial M12 8-pole 3m	3 m	M12, 8-pin fe- male con- nector, straight			540319
PSEN cable axial M12 8-pole 5m	5 m	M12, 8-pin fe- male con- nector, straight			540320
PSEN cable axial M12 8-pole 10m	10 m	M12, 8-pin fe- male con- nector, straight			540321
PSEN cable M12-8sf, 20m	20 m	M12, 8-pin fe- male con- nector, straight			540333
PSEN cable axial M12 8-pole 30m	30 m	M12, 8-pin fe- male con- nector, straight			540326
PSEN cable angle M12 8-pole 3m	3 m	M12, 8-pin fe- male con- nector, angled			540322
PSEN cable angle M12 8-pole 5m	5 m	M12, 8-pin fe- male con- nector, angled			540323

Product type	Features	Connector X1	Connector X2	Connector X3	Order no.
PSEN cable angle M12 8-pole 10m	10 m	M12, 8-pin female connector, angled			540324
PSEN cable angle M12 8-pole 30m	30 m	M12, 8-pin female connector, angled			540325

### Adapter

Product type	Features	Connector X1	Connector X2	Connector X3	Order no.
PSEN Y junction M12 SENSOR		M12, 8-pin male connector	M12, 8-pin female connector	M12, 8-pin female connector	540315
PSEN Y junction M12-M12/M12 PIGTAIL	Cable separator for PSEN-code, PSENS-lock	M12, 8-pin male connector	M12, 8-pin female connector	M8, 8-pin female connector	540338
PSEN sl adapter	Adapter for PSENSlock	8-pin M12 female connector	5-pin M12 male connector		380325

Product type	Features	Order no.
Adapter/SL/ M12-8SMX/M12- SFX/M12-8SFX/PT	Adapter for series connection PSEN sl2-D, 8-pin M12 female connector, straight, A-coded on 8-pin M12 male connector, straight, A-coded and 8-pin M12 female connector, straight, A coded, cable length: 0.15 m.	6N000029

## 20 **EC declaration of conformity**

This product/these products meet(s) the requirements of the following directives of the European Parliament and of the Council.

- ▶ 2006/42/EC on machines
- ▶ 2014/53/EU on radio equipment

The complete EC Declaration of Conformity is available on the Internet at [www.pilz.com/downloads](http://www.pilz.com/downloads).

Representative: Pilz GmbH & Co. KG, Felix-Wankel-Str. 2, 73760 Ostfildern, Germany

## 21 UKCA-Declaration of Conformity

This product(s) complies with following UK legislation:

- ▶ Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008
- ▶ Radio Equipment Regulations 2017

The complete UKCA Declaration of Conformity is available on the Internet at [www.pilz.com/downloads](http://www.pilz.com/downloads).

Representative: Pilz Automation Technology, Pilz House, Little Colliers Field, Corby, Northamptonshire, NN18 8TJ United Kingdom, eMail: [mail@pilz.co.uk](mailto:mail@pilz.co.uk)

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Pilz develops environmentally-friendly products using ecological materials and energy-saving technologies. Offices and production facilities are ecologically designed, environmentally-aware and energy-saving. So Pilz offers sustainability, plus the security of using energy-efficient products and environmentally-friendly solutions.



We are represented internationally. Please refer to our homepage [www.pilz.com](http://www.pilz.com) for further details or contact our headquarters.

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